No Direction Home: The True Cost of Routing Around Decoys

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Internet censorship

- The Internet is a big threat to repressive regimes!
- Repressive regimes censor the Internet:
 - IP filtering, DNS hijacking, deep packet inspection, ...
- Circumvention systems









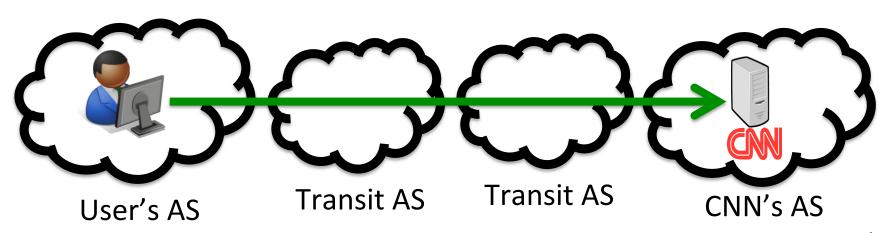


Decoy routing circumvention

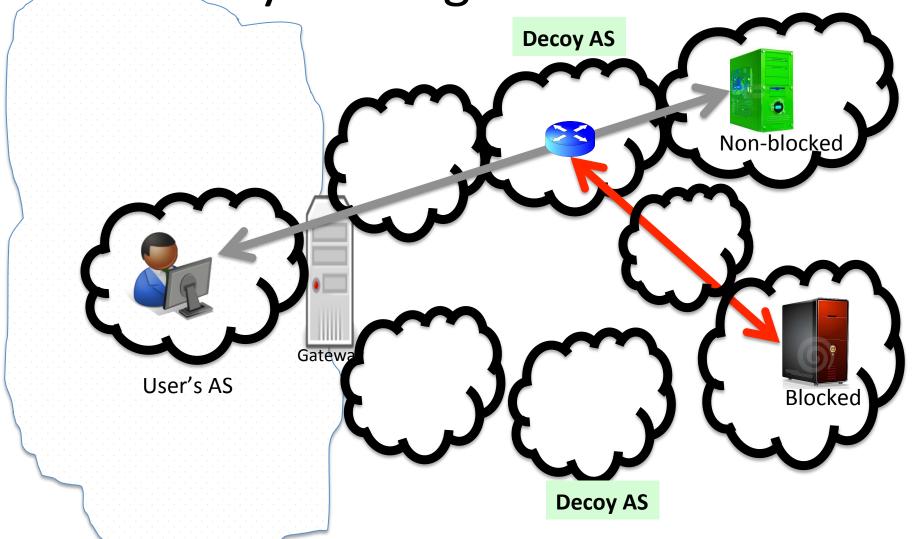
- DR (Karlin et al., FOCI 2011)
- Cirripede (Houmansadr et al., ACM CCS 2011)
- Telex (Wustrow et al., USENIX Security 2011)

Internet topology 101

- The Internet is composed of Autonomous Systems (ASes)
 - 44,000 ASes are inter-connected based on their business relationships



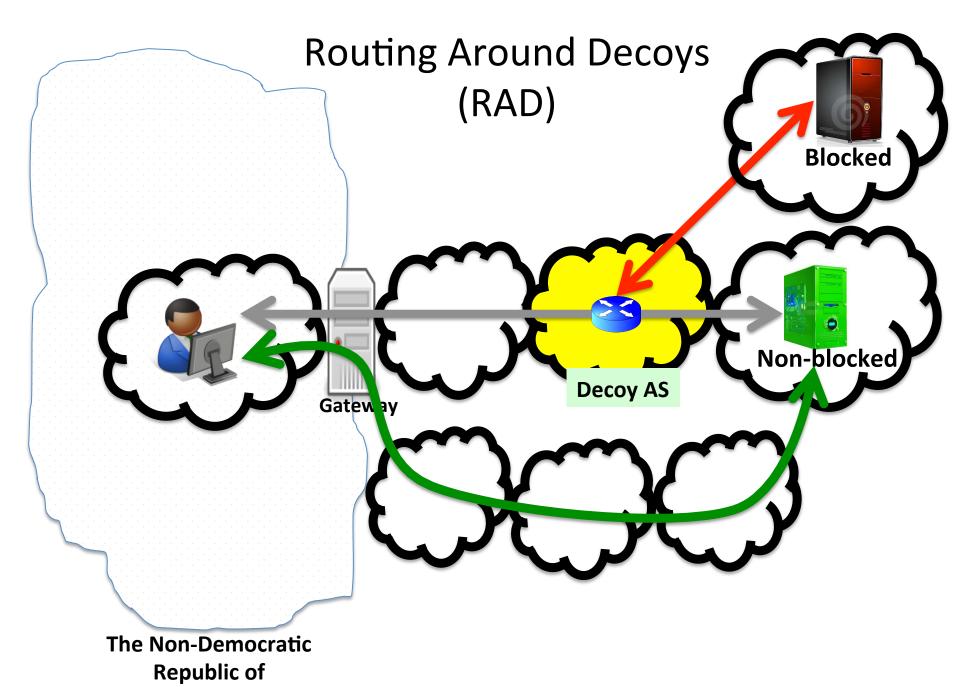
Decoy routing circumvention



The Non-Democratic Republic of Repressistan

Routing Around Decoys

Schuchard et al., ACM CCS 2012



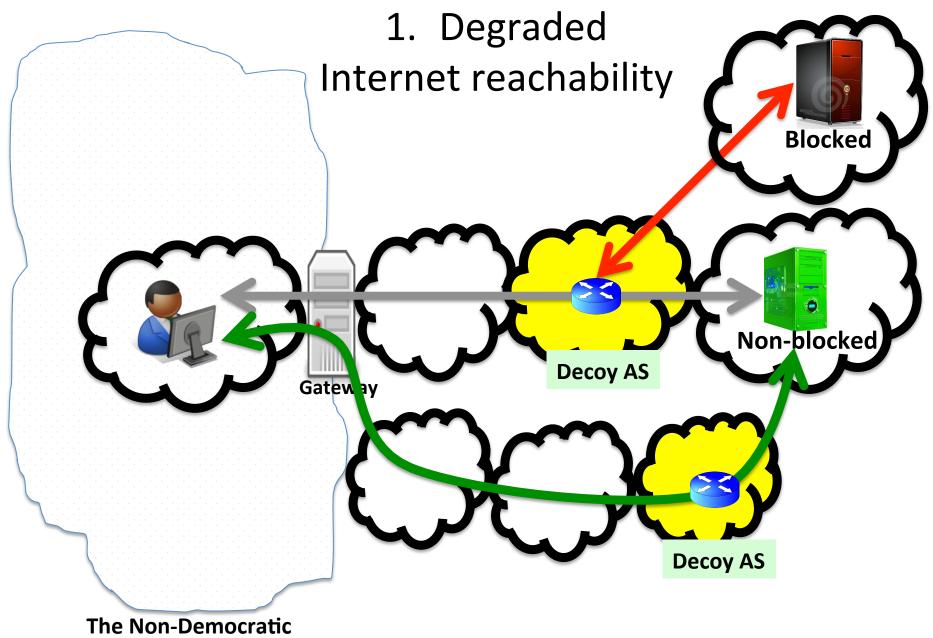
Repressistan

This paper

- Concrete analysis based on real inter-domain routing data
 - As opposed to relying on the AS graph only

 While technically feasible, RAD imposes significant costs to censors

- Main intuition: Internet paths are not equal!
 - Standard decision making in BGP aims to maximize QoS and minimize costs



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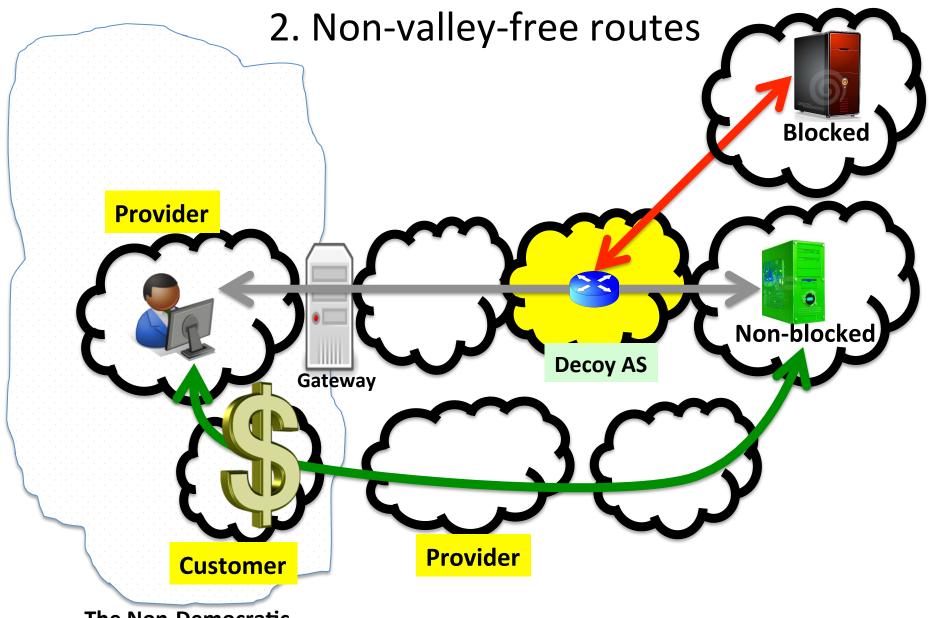
Path preference in BGP

- ASes are inter-connected based on business relationships
 - Customer-to-provider
 - Peer-to-peer
 - Sibling-to-sibling
- Standard path preference:
 - 1. Customer
 - 2. Peer/Sibling
 - 3. Provider

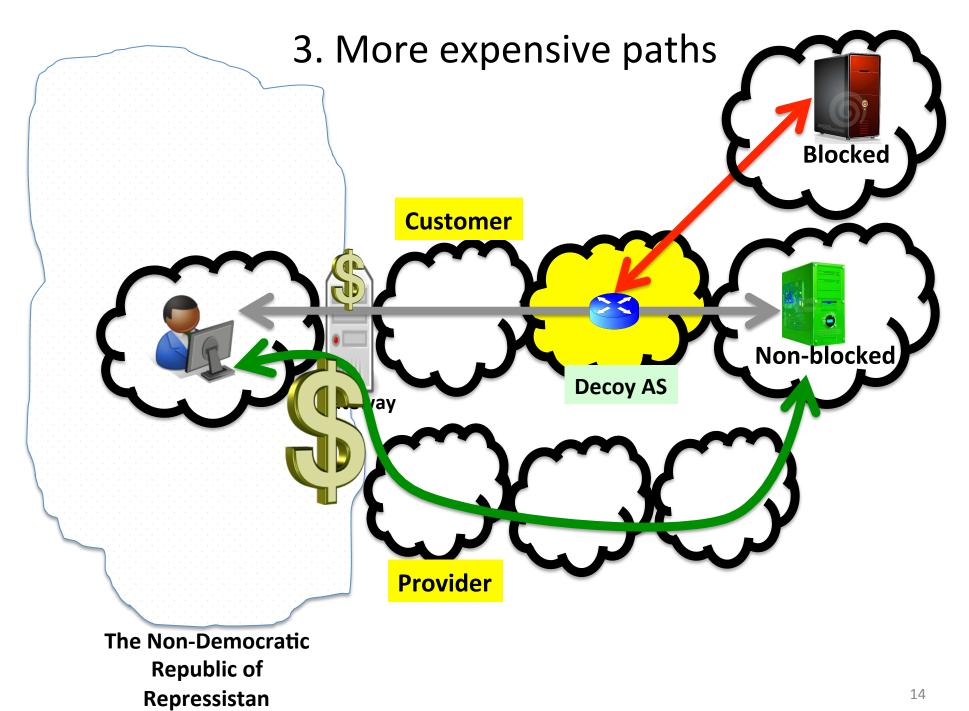
Valley-free routing

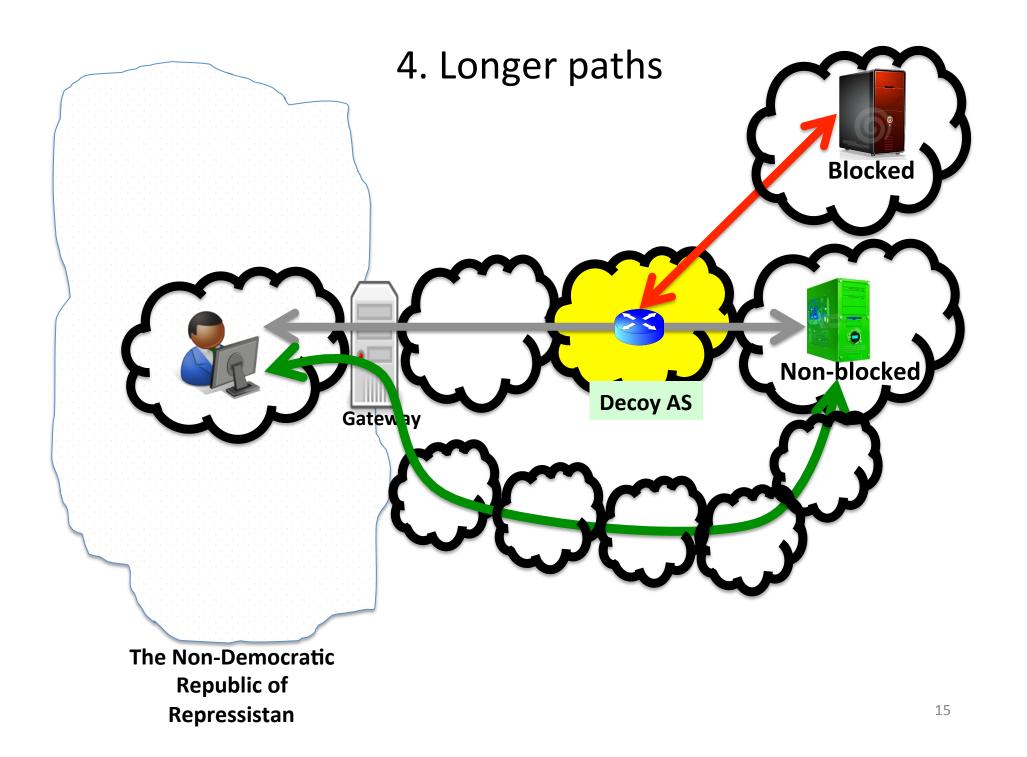
A valley-free Internet path:
 each transit AS is paid by at least one neighbor
 AS in the path

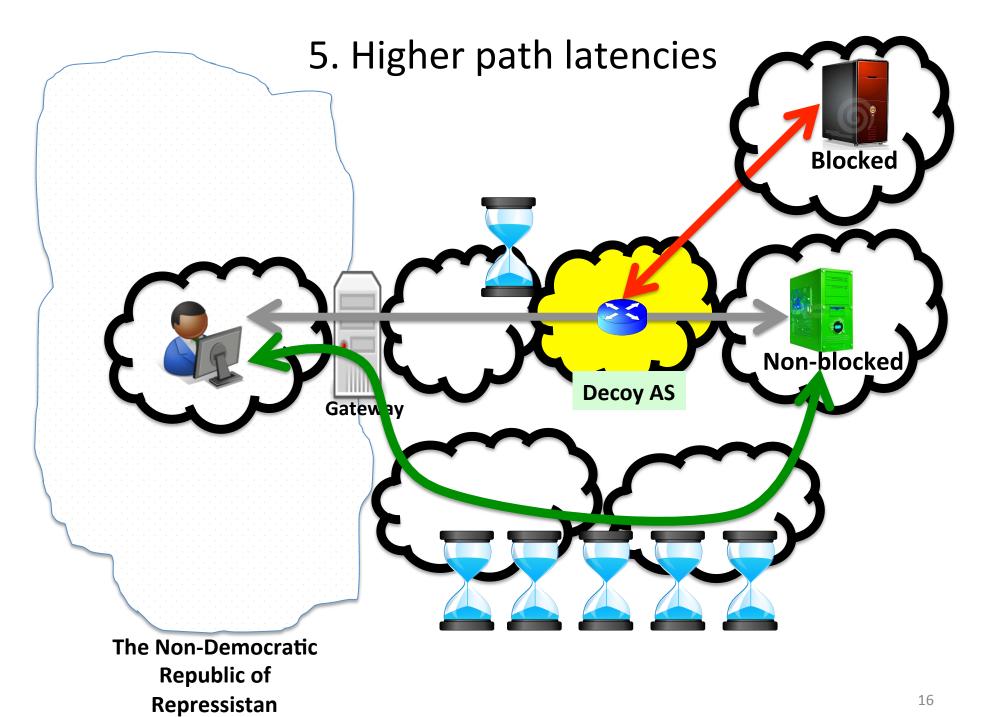
ISPs widely practice valley-free routing

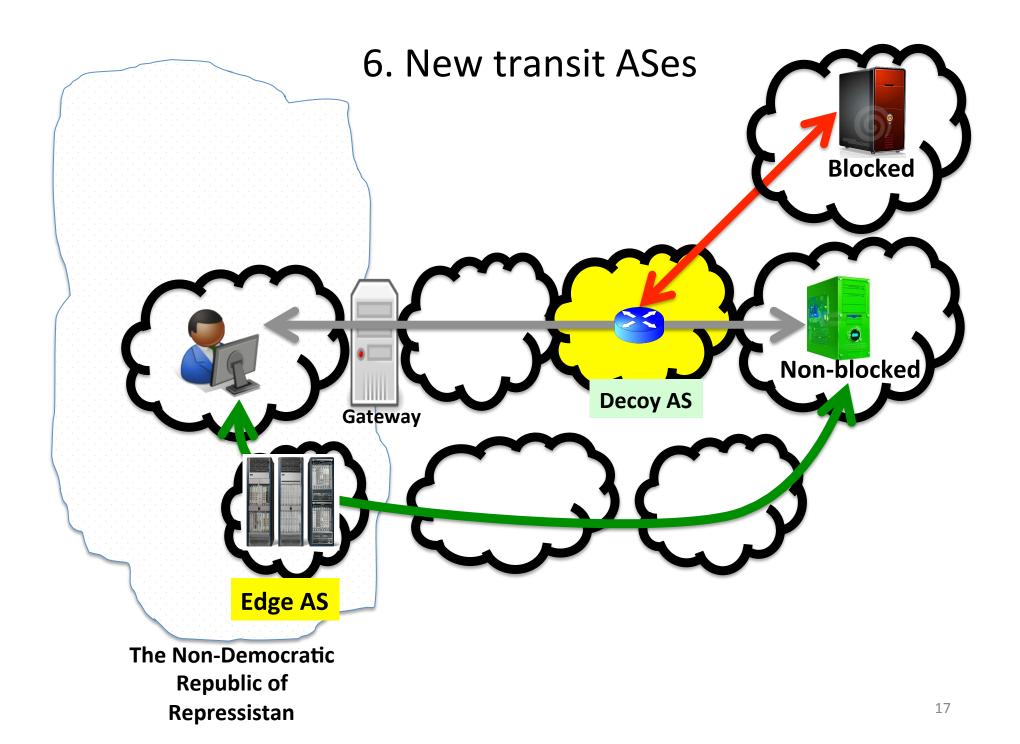


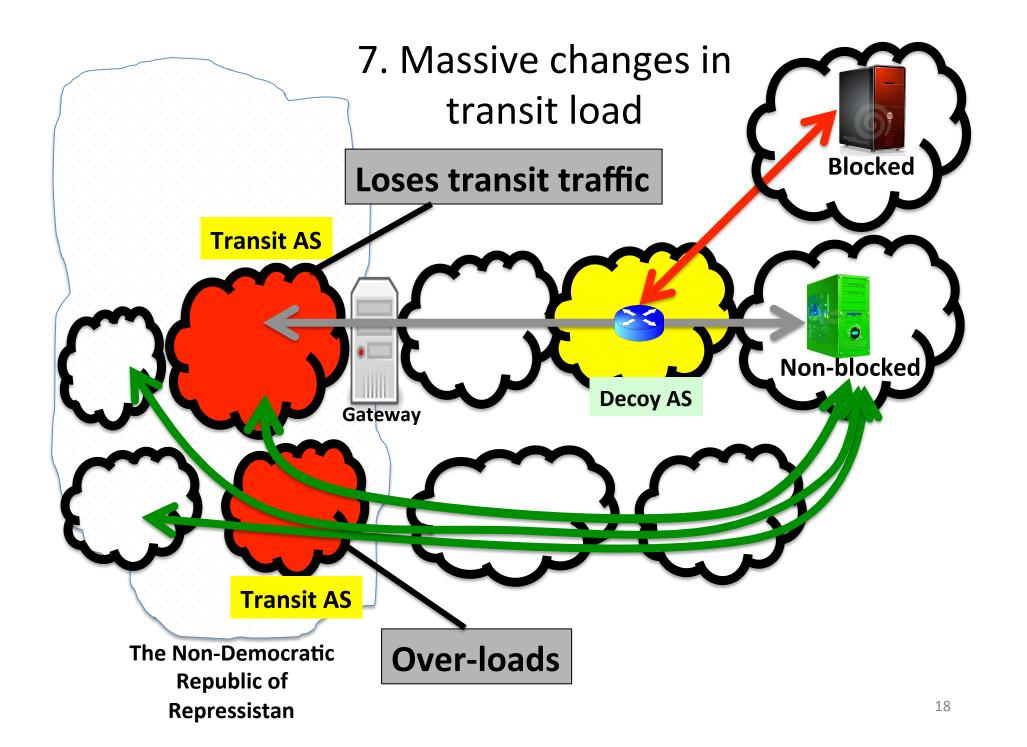
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Simulations

- Use CBGP simulator for BGP
 - Python wrapper
- Datasets:
 - Geographic location (GeoLite dataset)
 - AS relations (CAIDA's inferred AS relations)
 - AS ranking (CAIDA's AS rank dataset)
 - Latency (iPlane's Inter-PoP links dataset)
 - Network origin (iPlane's Origin AS mapping dataset)
- Analyze RAD for
 - Various placement strategies
 - Various placement percentages
 - Various target/deploying Internet regions

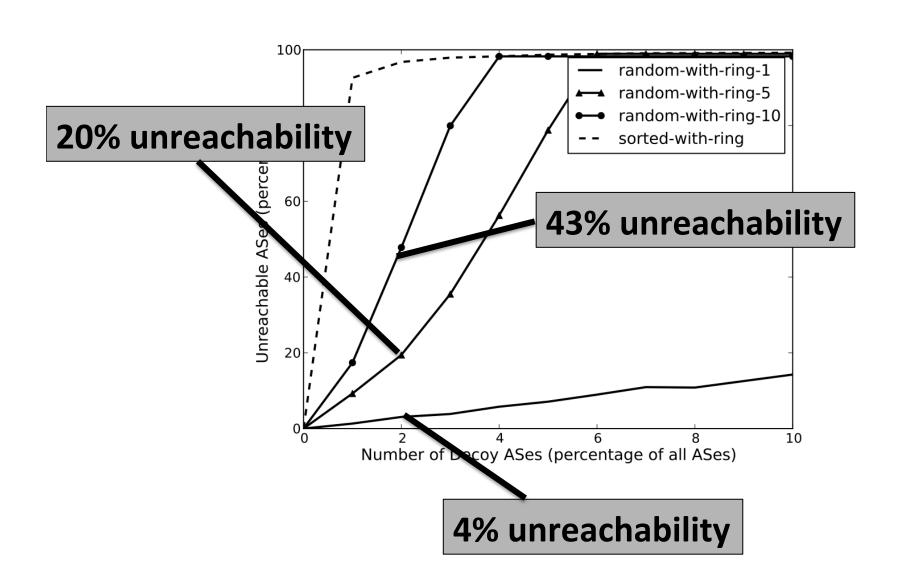
Costs for the Great Firewall of China

- A 2% random decoy placement disconnects
 China from 4% of the Internet
- Additionally:
 - 16% of routes become more expensive
 - 39% of Internet routes become longer
 - Latency increases by a factor of 8
 - The number of transit ASes increases by 150%
 - Transit loads change drastically (one AS increases by a factor of 2800, the other decreases by 32%)

Strategic placement

- RAD considers random selection for decoy ASes
 - This mostly selects edge ASes
 - Decoys should be deployed in transit ASes instead

Strategic placement

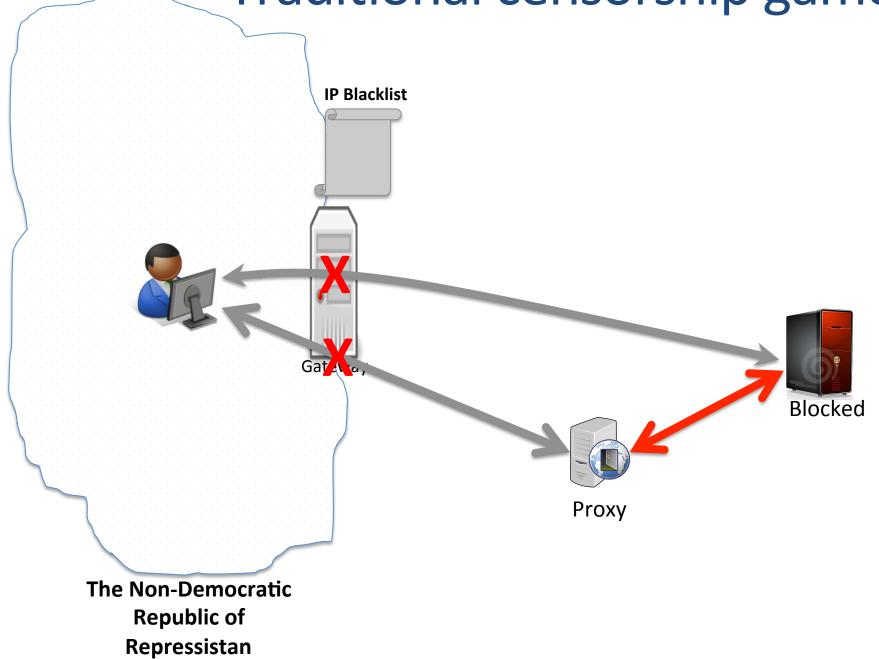


Lessons

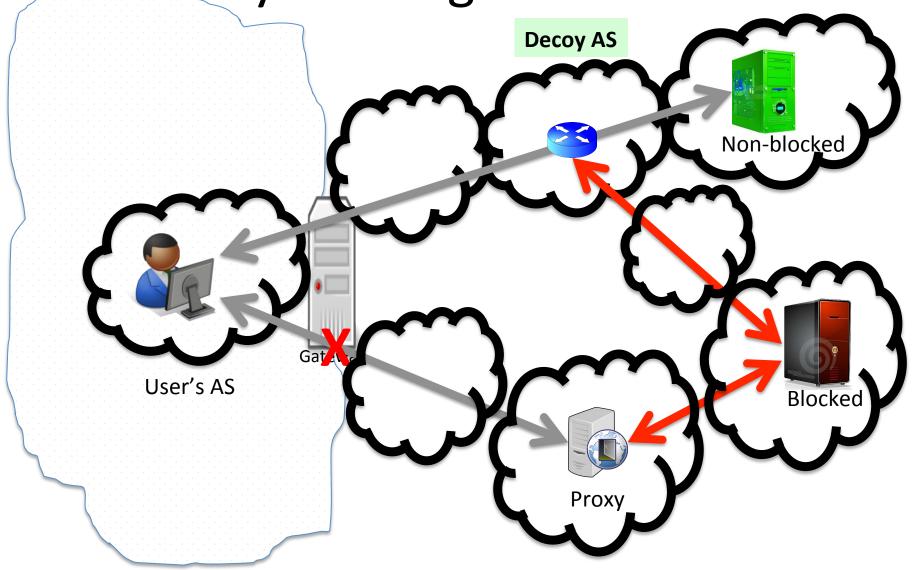
- 1. RAD is prohibitively costly to the censors
 - Monetary costs, as well as collateral damage
- 2. Strategic placement of decoys significantly increases the costs to the censors
- The RAD attack is more costly to less-connected state-level censors
- 4. Even a regional placement is effective
- 5. Analysis of inter-domain routing requires a finegrained data-driven approach

Thanks!

Traditional censorship game



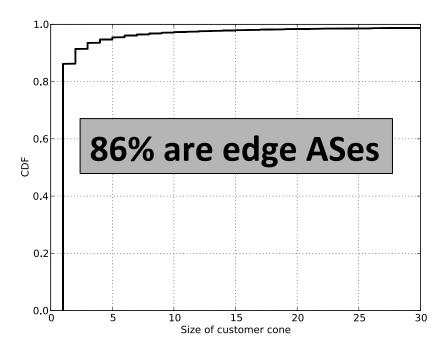
Decoy Routing Circumvention



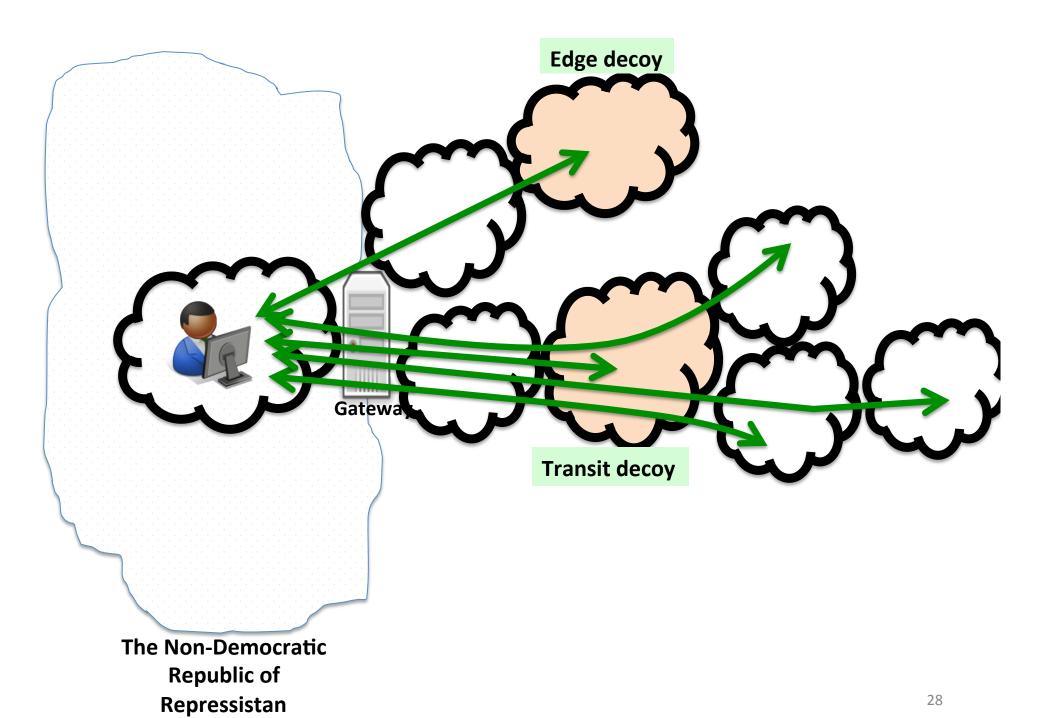
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Strategic placement

RAD considers random selection for decoy ASes



This mostly selects edge ASes



Strategic placement

- Placements
 - sorted
 - random-C

- Amplifies the costs to a RAD censor
 - For a 2% deployment China is disconnected from 30% of all ASes, not 4%