

Persistent Data-Only Malware

Function Hooks Without Code

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26.02.2014

- 1 Motivation & Background
- 2 Persistent data-only malware
- 3 Proof of Concept
- 4 Conclusion

Protection Mechanisms

Motivation & Background

- ▶ Problem

Protection Mechanisms

- ▶ $W \oplus X$

Motivation & Background

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- ▶ $W \oplus X$
- ▶ Signed Driver Loading

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- ▶ Secure Boot

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Protection Mechanisms

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- ▶ Signed Driver Loading
- ▶ Secure Boot
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⇒ **It is getting more and more difficult to introduce malicious code into the system.**

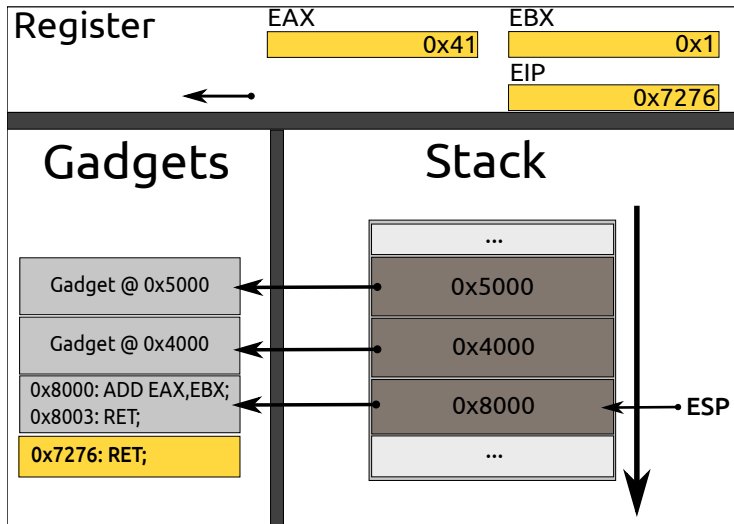
Data-only Malware

Data-only Malware

Hund et. al [1]: Return-oriented Rootkits (2009)

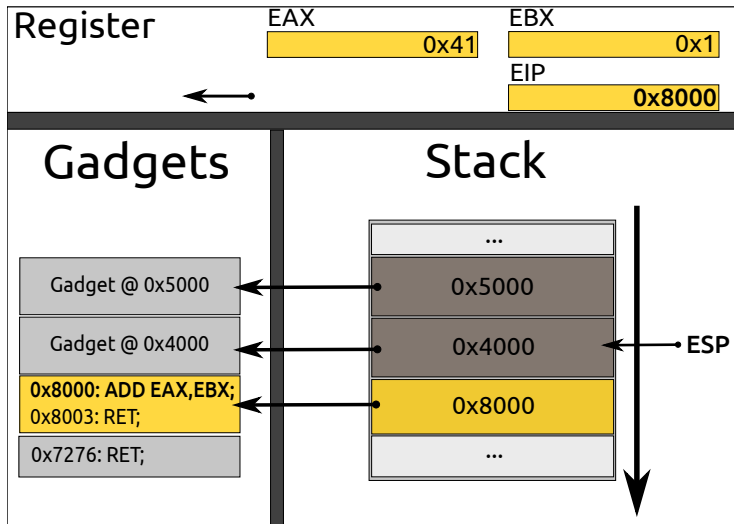
Motivation & Background

▸ Return-oriented Programming (ROP)



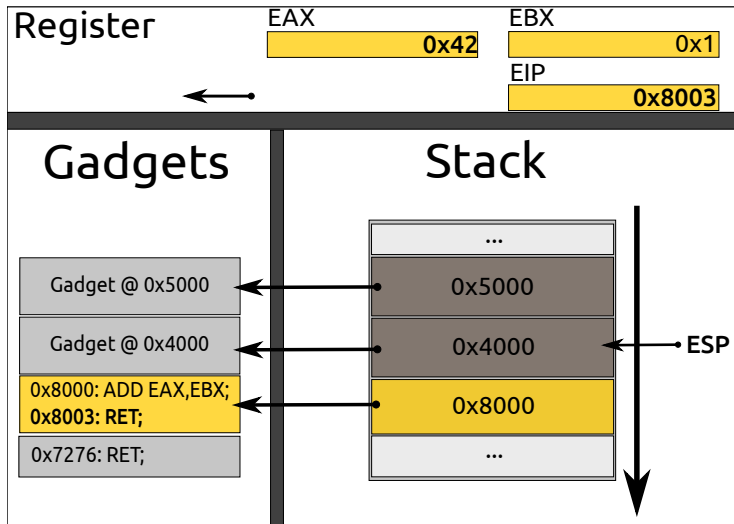
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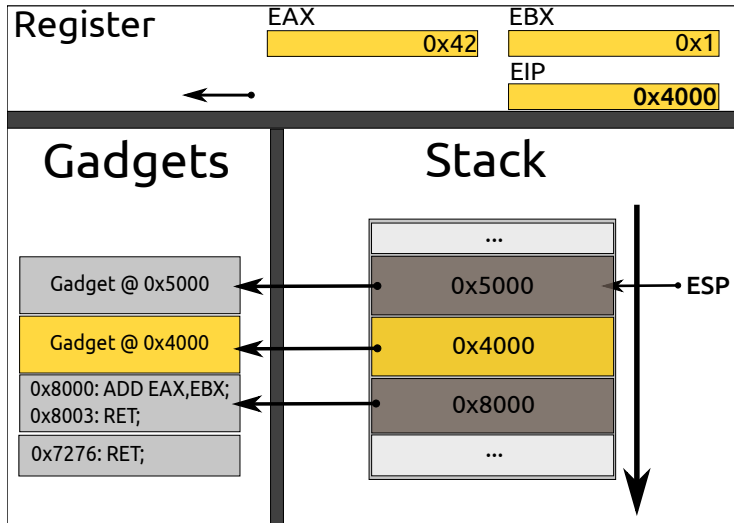
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Data-only Malware

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- “One-Shot-Attacks”

Data-only Malware

Hund et. al [1]: Return-oriented Rootkits (2009)

- “One-Shot-Attacks”
- **Triggered** by attacker

Motivation & Background

- ▶ Persistence

- ▶ Cannot **intercept events** within the system

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Persistence?

Outline

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Persistent data-only malware

► Challenges

- 1 Finding a suitable **location** for the **persistent** control structure

Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Finding a suitable location for the persistent control structure

- ▶ Control structure must be **exclusively** owned by the malware

Persistent data-only malware

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⇒ Create **new** memory region (e.g. kmalloc)

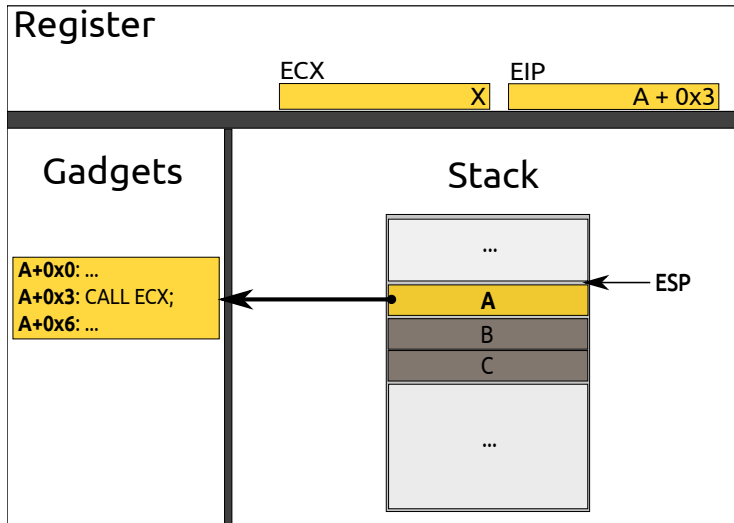
Persistent data-only malware

► Challenges

- 1 Finding a suitable **location** for the **persistent** control structure
- 2 Protecting against **overwrites**

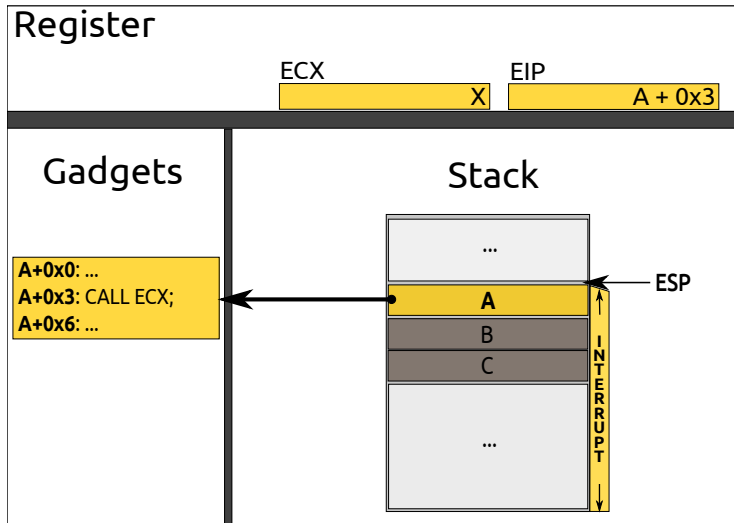
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► Protecting against overwrites



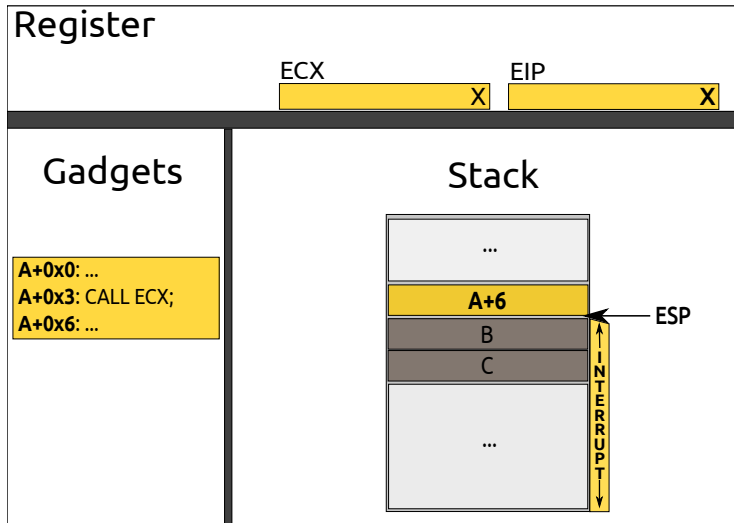
Persistent data-only malware

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Persistent data-only malware

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Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Protecting against overwrites

Two types of overwrites:

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Persistent data-only malware

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Persistent data-only malware

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Two types of overwrites:

- ▶ **Interrupt-induced** overwrites
 - ▶ *Disable* interrupts
 - ▶ No *external* function calls
- ▶ **Self-induced** overwrites
 - ▶ *Carefully* design persistent chain

Persistent data-only malware

► Challenges

- 1 Finding a suitable **location** for the **persistent** control structure
- 2 Protecting against **overwrites**
- 3 **Resuming** the original control flow

Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Resuming the original control flow

- ▶ Registers must be saved **before use**

Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Resuming the original control flow

- ▶ Registers must be saved **before use**
- ▶ Control flow must be **restored** after execution

Persistent data-only malware

► Challenges

- 1 Finding a suitable **location** for the **persistent** control structure
- 2 Protecting against **overwrites**
- 3 **Resuming** the original control flow
- 4 **Activating** the *persistent* control structure

Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Activating the persistent control structure

- ▶ *Control structures* **somewhere** in memory

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- ▶ Only control the **Instruction Pointer** when a hook is triggered

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- ▶ *Control structures* **somewhere** in memory
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- ▶ Must not use **general purpose registers** (backup!) for the switch

Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Activating the persistent control structure

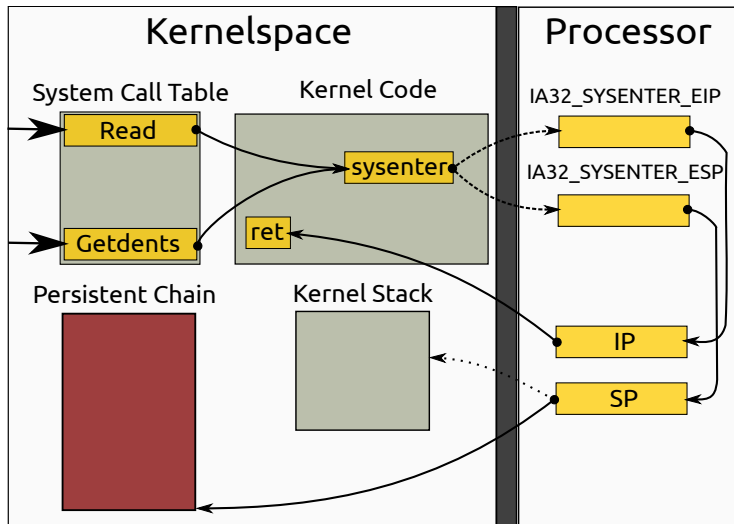
- ▶ *Control structures* **somewhere** in memory
- ▶ Only control the **Instruction Pointer** when a hook is triggered
- ▶ Must not use **general purpose registers** (backup!) for the switch

Solution

sysenter

Persistent data-only malware

- ▶ Activating the persistent control structure



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Victim Ubuntu 64-bit Server (Kernel 3.8)
with secure boot (UEFI)

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Vulnerability CVE-2013-2094 Local Root Exploit
Data-only version

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Hooks sys_read, sys_getdents

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Functionality Key logging, process hiding, file hiding

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Conclusion

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- ▶ Mainly **technical** challenges
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POC code available on our website

<http://www.sec.in.tum.de/persistent-data-only-malware/>



Ralf Hund, Thorsten Holz, and Felix C. Freiling.

Return-oriented rootkits: Bypassing kernel code integrity protection mechanisms.
In *Proceedings of 18th USENIX Security Symposium, 2009*.