

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Broken Hearted: How to Attack ECG Biometrics

<u>Simon Eberz</u>[¶], Nicola Paoletti[¶], Marc Roeschlin[¶], Andrea Patane[§], Marta Kwiatkowska[¶], Ivan Martinovic[¶]

[¶]Department of Computer Science University of Oxford, UK

[§]University of Catania, Italy

Background - ECG

- Recording of the heart's electrical activity
- Electric potential differences measured on a person's skin
- Most common use: Medical diagnosis



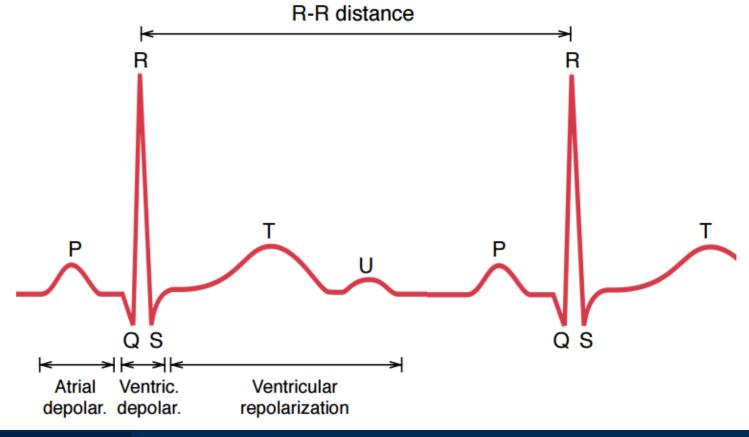


UNIVERSITY OF

Background – ECG Biometrics

- Generic waveform common to healthy individuals
- Individual differences in amplitude, duration and distance
- Significant body of academic work

LINIVERSITY OF



Background – Nymi Band





Background – Nymi Band (2)



- Communication with all Bluetooth/NFC devices (NEAs)
- Trialled for contactless payments and online banking



UNIVERSITY OF





Threat Model

To break the Nymi Band, the attacker needs to
Obtain access to the band itself

- Obtain access to the NCA (e.g., user's smartphone)

□ Circumvent ECG-based authentication

Focus of this work



A Presentation Attack Against ECG

Goal: Impersonation of the legitimate userECG is available through a number of sources



Printed ECG Signal

E-health

Fitness Devices

- Different measurement locations and device properties!
- Cross-Device attacks





Collecting Data for the Attack

- 41 Participants
- 3 different devices
- 5 measurement modes





UNIVERSITY OF





Signal Injection Methods

Hardware arbitrary waveform generator



Laptop soundcard with SW-based waveform generator

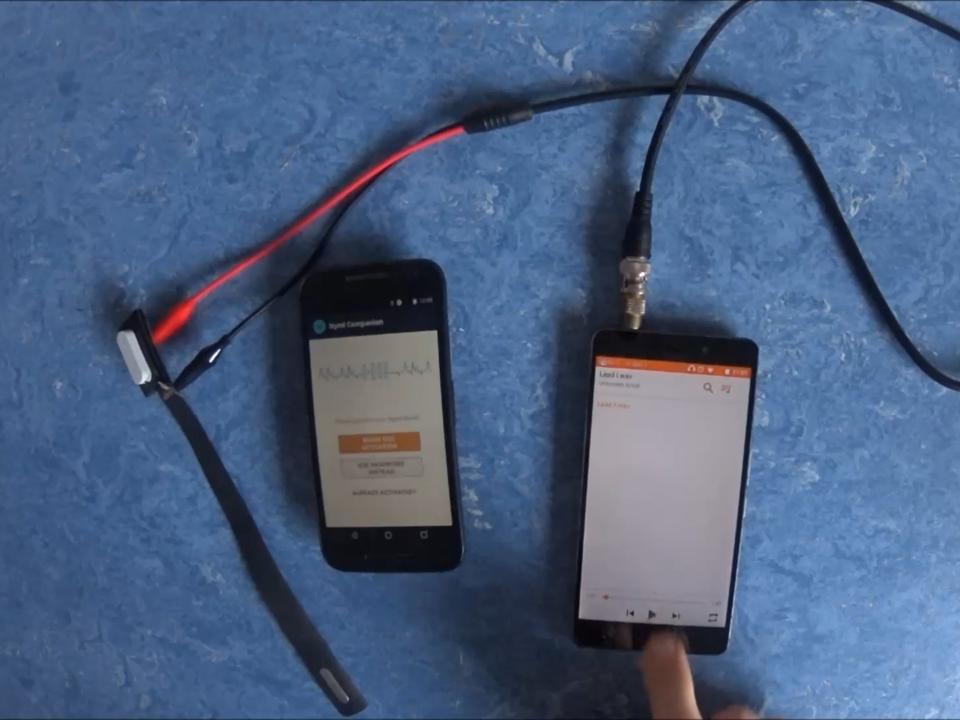


Playback of .wav-encoded ECG signal

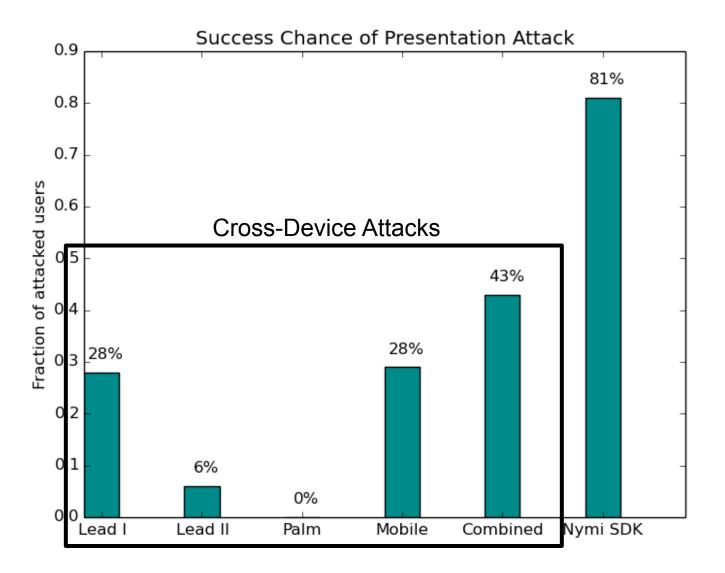


"There is currently no known means of falsifying an ECG waveform and presenting it to a biometric recognition system."



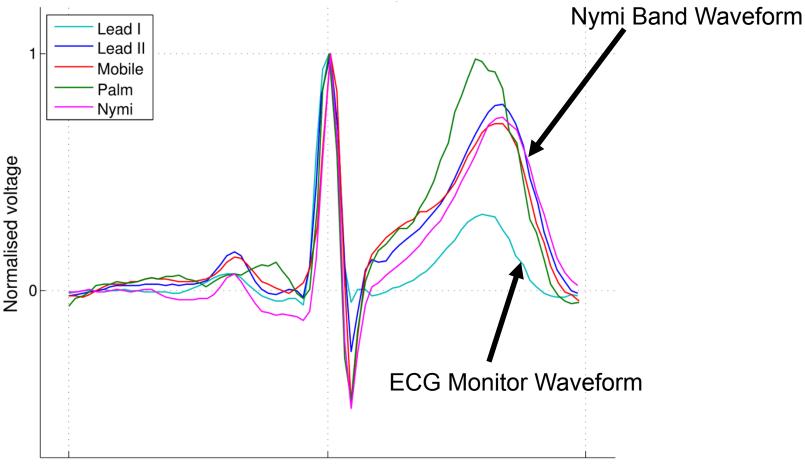


Initial Results





The Challenge of Cross-Device Attacks



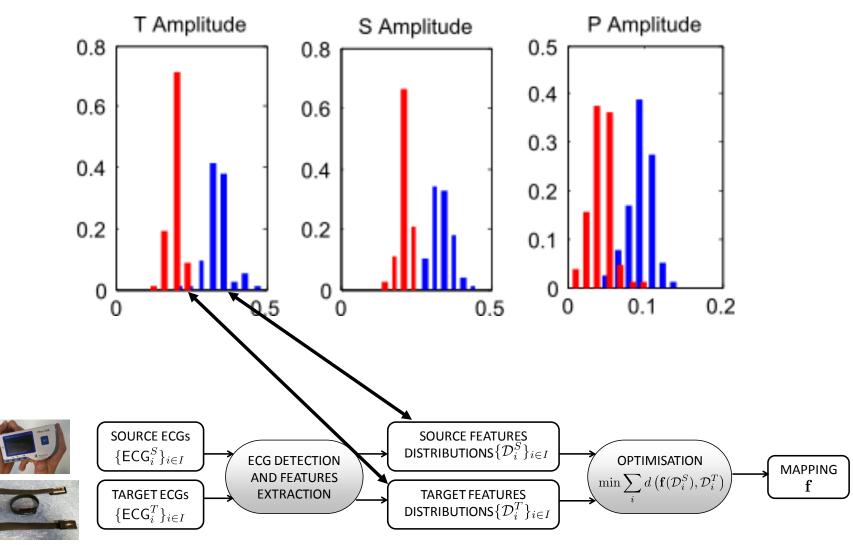
Time

Different waveform morphology between devices!



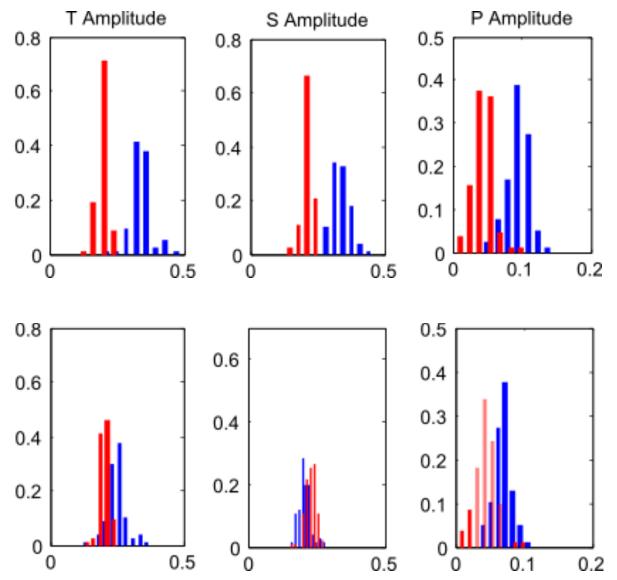
UNIVERSITY OF

Training a Cross-Device Mapping



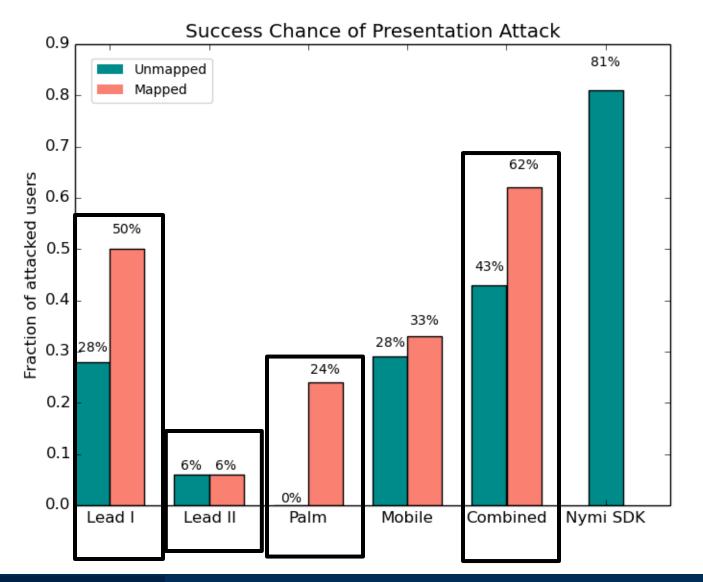


Training a Cross-Device Mapping - Results





Final Results





Conclusion

- Successful presentation attack against ECG biometric
- Wide variety of data sources suitable for attacks
- Remarkably low technological barriers
- Future Work
 - □ Further improve cross-device mapping
 - \square Can very old data be used for the attack?



Conclusion – Questions?

- Successful presentation attack against ECG biometric
- Wide variety of data sources suitable for attacks
- Remarkably low technological barriers
- Future Work
 - □ Further improve cross-device mapping
 - □ Can very old data be used for the attack?

Thank you for your attention. Questions? simon.eberz@cs.ox.ac.uk

