EM Eye: Characterizing Electromagnetic Side-channel Eavesdropping on Embedded Cameras

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Cameras Getting Pervasive

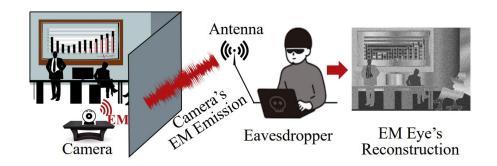




Camera Data Confidentiality

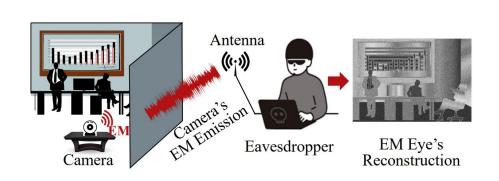
Software Hardware **Vulnerabilities Vulnerabilities** Default Password & **Unencrypted Comms** [Abdalla et al., 2020] **Brute-force Attacks** against 4-digit Passwords [Ling et al., 2017] **Known Serial Number** Camera Hijacking [Herodotou et al., 2023] **Network Traffic Sniffing** and Reconstruction [Tekeoglu et al., 2015]

Threat Model: EM Eavesdropping on Cameras



- No software/network entry point
- External physical eavesdropper
- Unintentional electromagnetic leakage (not wireless comm signals)

Threat Model: EM Eavesdropping on Cameras



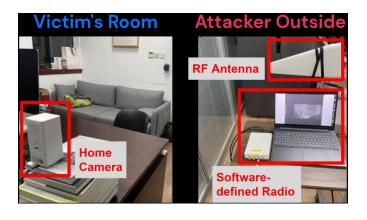






Image-specific Electromagnetic Leakage



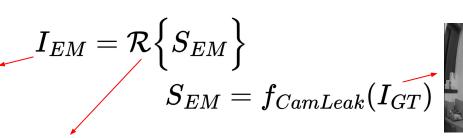
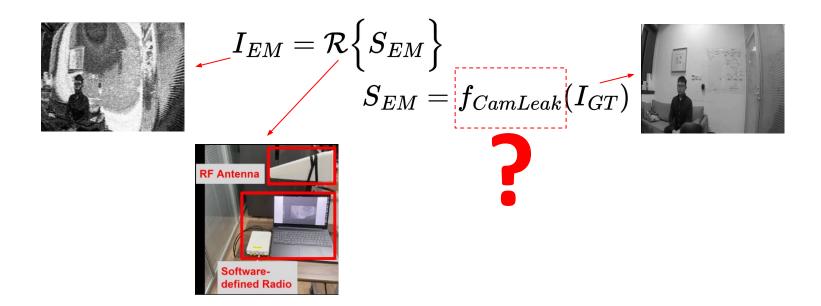


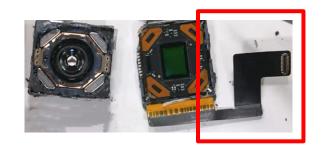


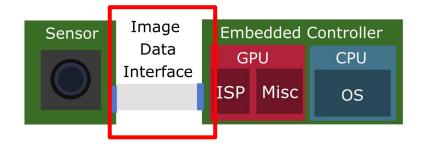


Image-specific Electromagnetic Leakage



Interface: Standardization







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Accelerating MIPI CSI-2 Adoption in Automotive

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By Joe Rodriguez | Product Marketing Manager, Interface IP

LOW POWER-HIGH PERFORMANCE

MIPI Standards Gaining Traction In New Markets

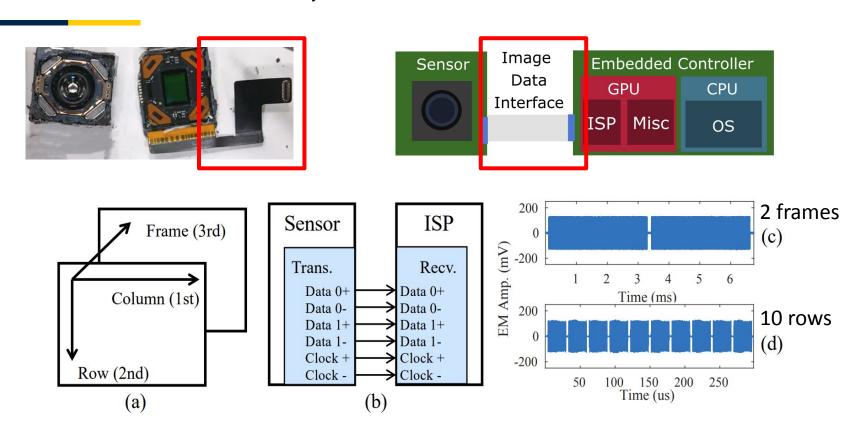


Convergence of vision and AI is driving adoption of MIPI standards beyond just mobile phones.

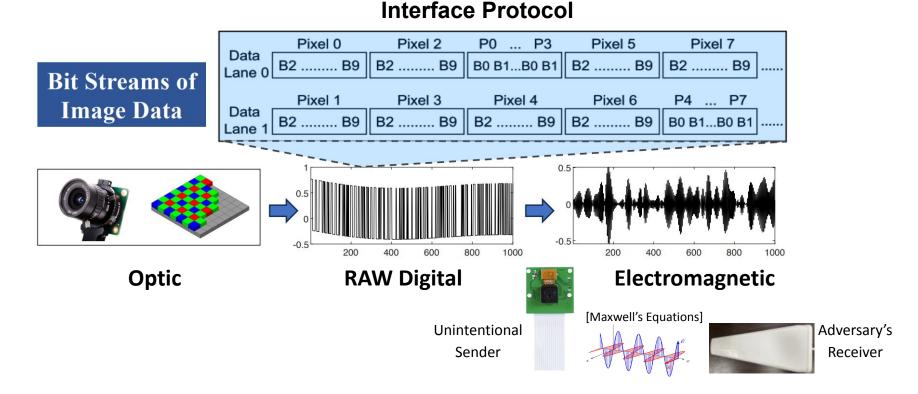
IANUARY 26TH, 2022 - BY: ANN MUTSCHLER



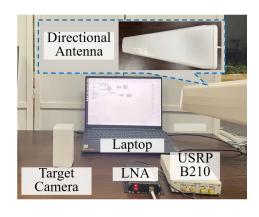
Interface: Serialized, Predictable Data Structure

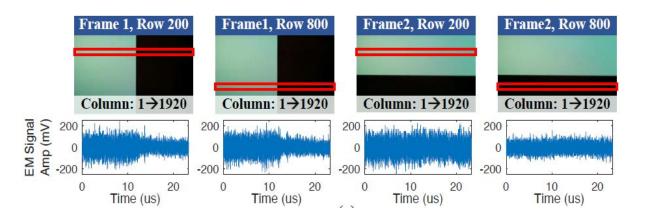


Unprotected Data & EM Emanation

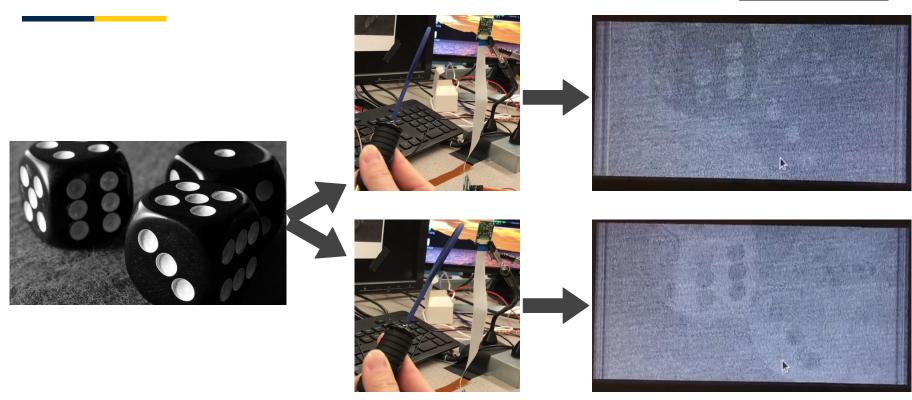


EM-image Correlations

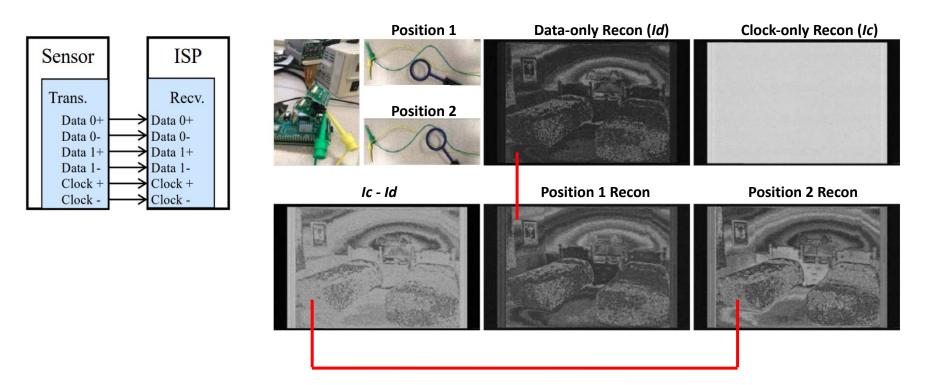




Leakage Modeling: Multi-wire Signal Polarity Inversion



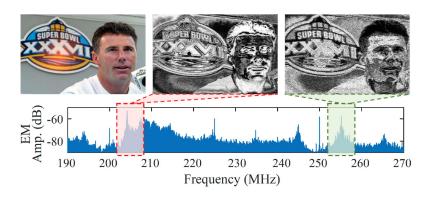
Leakage Modeling: Multi-wire Signal Polarity Inversion



Leakage Modeling: Practical Sampling Distortion





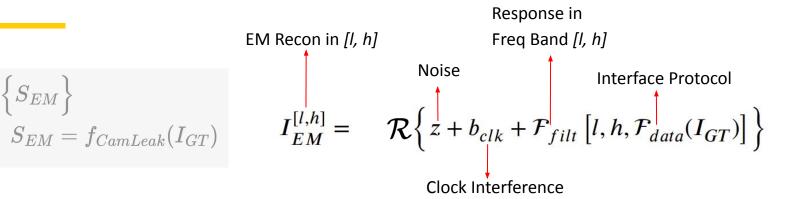


Practical Sampling: ~10 MHz bandwidth (no info of individual bits)

- Loss of color
- Shuffled gray-scale mapping
- Light gradient & high-frequency noise
- Frequency dependency

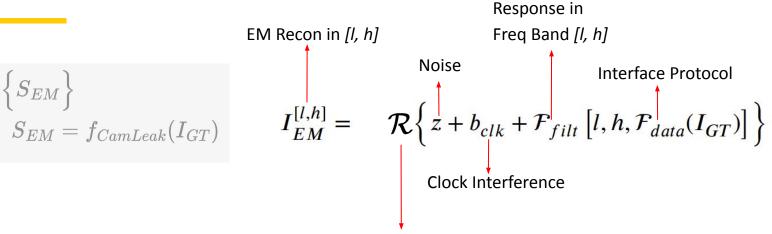
Reconstructions

$$egin{aligned} I_{EM} &= \mathcal{R} \Big\{ S_{EM} \Big\} \ S_{EM} &= f_{CamLeak}(I_{GT}) \end{aligned}$$



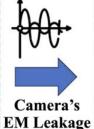
Reconstructions

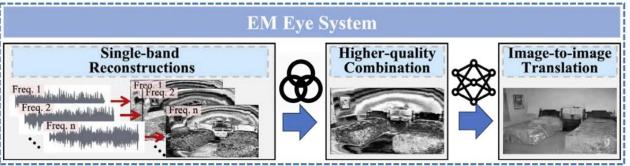
$$egin{split} I_{EM} &= \mathcal{R} \Big\{ S_{EM} \Big\} \ S_{EM} &= f_{CamLeak}(I_{GT}) \end{split}$$



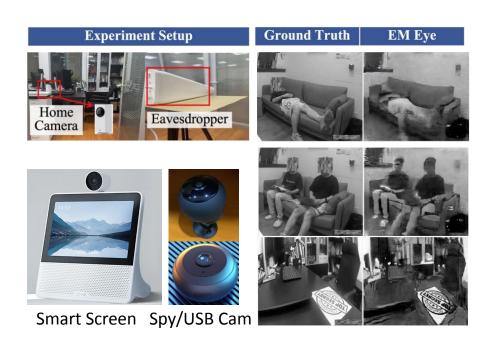
Camera Image

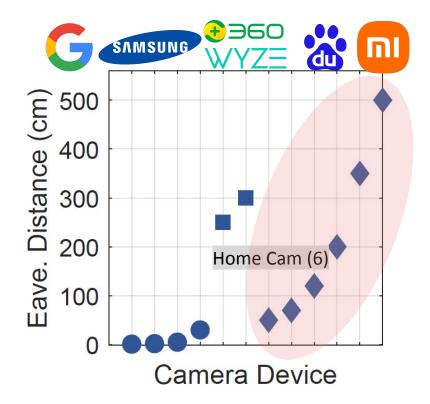




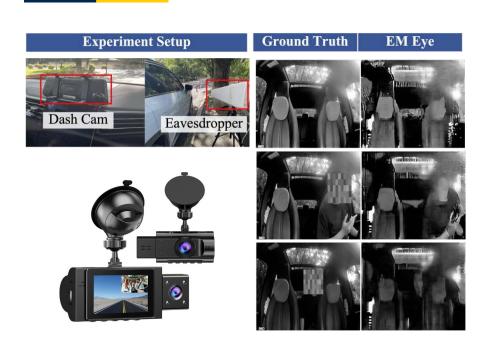


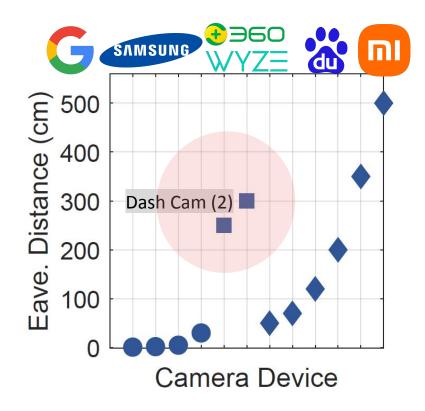
Susceptible Devices: Home Cams





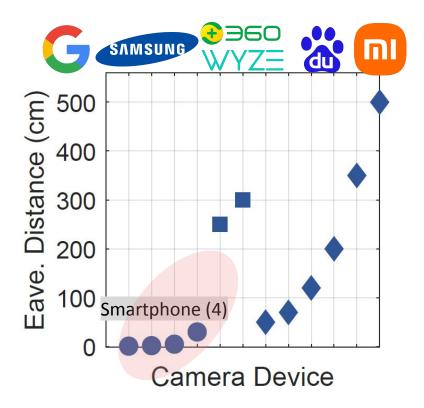
Susceptible Devices: Dash Cams





Susceptible Devices: Smartphone Cams





Factors & Mitigation: Shorter Cables

Reconstruction with Different

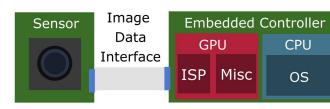
Cable Length @ Antenna-camera Distance

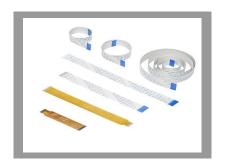


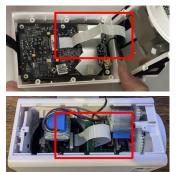










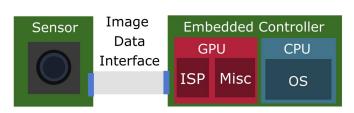


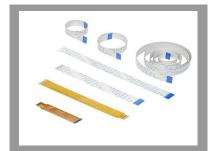
Factors & Mitigation: Better Shielding

Reconstruction with Different Cable Shielding Types







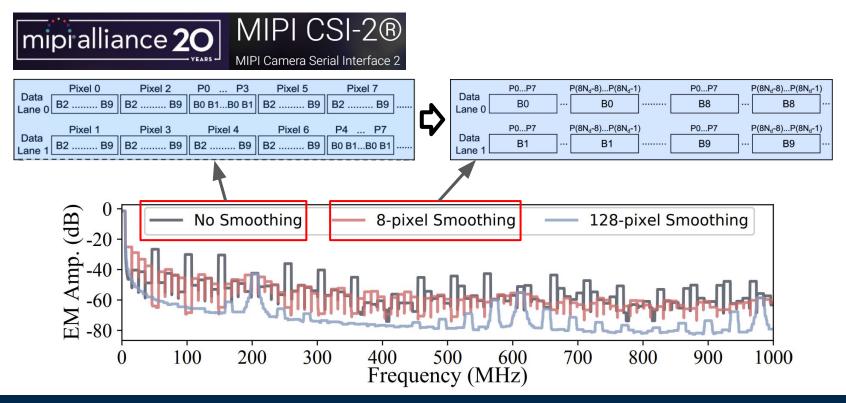




Factors & Mitigation: Better Shielding

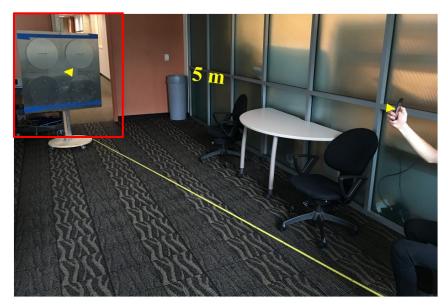


Factors & Mitigation: Minimize Bit Transitions



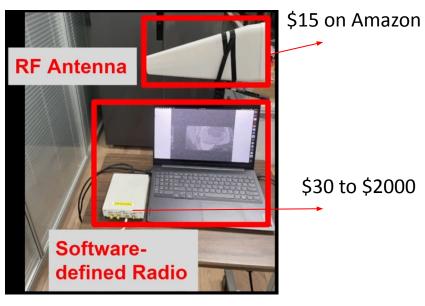
Discussion: Distance

Lab Customized Receiver



[Yilmaz et al., IEEE MILCOM 2019]

COTS Receiver

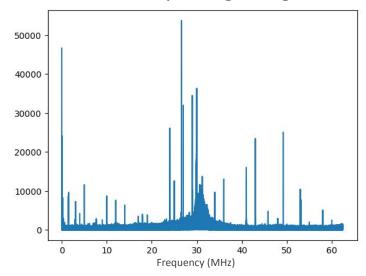


[EM Eye]

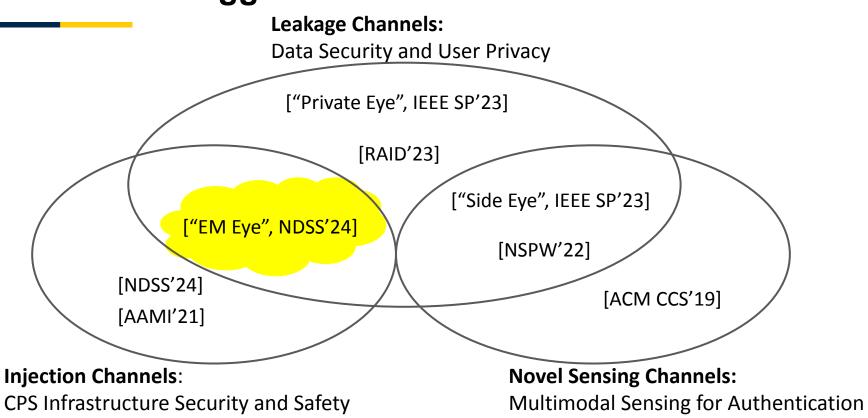
Discussion: Encoded Image Transmission



- Simple FFT-LDA (spectral) features
- >90% accuracy recognizing 100 scenes



Discussion: Bigger Picture



Summary

- EM leakage from cameras allows reconstructing image streams.
- Both hardware and software designs of existing systems can/should be improved.
- Better not DIY your own home security cameras......

Team



Yan Long



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Chen Yan

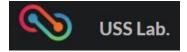


Tobias Alam











Xiaoyu Ji



Wenyuan Xu



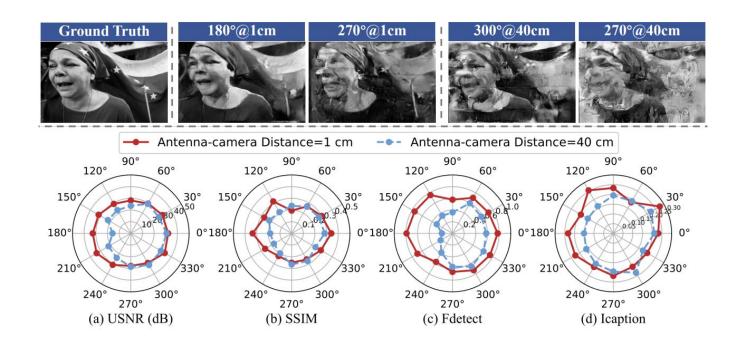
Kevin Fu

Color





Angle



Analog Filtering

Protocol	Frequency Band		Protocol	Frequency Band
GSM	880 - 960~MHz		Wi-Fi	2.4~GHz and 5~GHz
3G	800 - 2100~MHz		ZigBee	915~MHz and 2.4~GHz
LTE	700 - 2600~MHz		LoRa	868~MHz and 915~MHz
5G	850~MHz, 1900~MHz		NB-IoT	824 - 849~MHz,
	1850 - 1990~MHz			869 - 894~MHz
Bluetooth	2.4~GHz		Z-Wave	868.42~MHz and 908.42~MHz

w/o Analog Filter





w/ Analog Filter



