

# EvoCrawl: Exploring Web Application Code and State using Evolutionary Search

**Xiangyu Guo**, Akshay Kawlay, Eric Liu, David Lie



UNIVERSITY OF  
TORONTO



# Background

EvoCrawl is a black-box crawler detecting vulnerabilities in client-server web applications by interacting with the browser on the client-side.

- Black-box: the crawler has no access to the source code
- Why Black-box: More generalized since web applications have been developed in many different programming languages

# How do we improve Code Coverage

Performance of a crawler largely depends on how much code it can cover.

How can we improve code coverage for a crawler with no access to source code?

- **Number of crawled pages:** Heavily Influenced by the **Application States**

**Certain Pages can only be crawled when the application are in certain states**

# It is still a difficult task to fully explore the states

How does a black-box scanner change the data stored on the server:

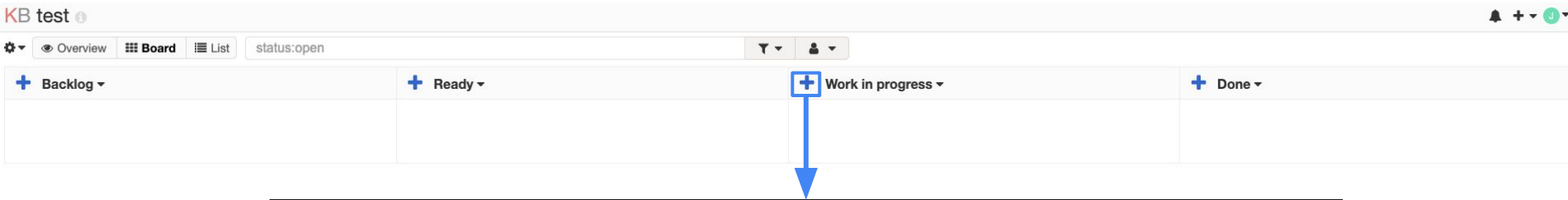
- Submit inputs
- Most common method: Submitting HTML forms

# Submitting HTML forms can be hard

KB test

Overview Board List status:open

+ Backlog + Ready + Work in progress + Done



test > New task

Title

Preview B I S % ¶ ≡ </>

Write your text in Markdown

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

Save or [cancel](#)

Color: Yellow

Assignee: Unassigned Me

Column: Ready

Priority: 0

Due Date: 02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date: 02/10/2025 19:37

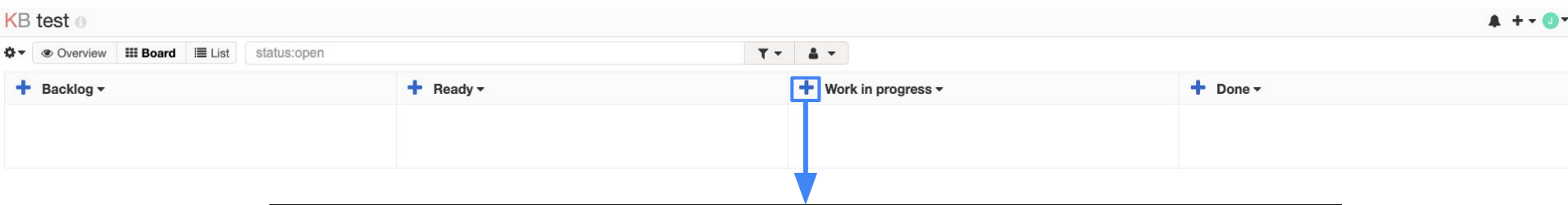
Original estimate: hours

Time spent: hours

Complexity:

Reference:

# Submitting HTML forms can be hard



test > New task

Title

☐ Preview **B** *I* S %

Write your text in Markdown

Color

Assignee  [Me](#)

Column

Due Date

Start Date

Original estimate  hours

Time spent  hours

Complexity

Reference

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

[Save](#) or [cancel](#)

This Pop-up window will make the elements below it invisible

# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial

KB test

Overview Board List status:open

1

+ Backlog ▾ + Ready ▾ + Work in progress ▾ + Done ▾

The Simplest  
Sequence  
Interaction

test > New task

2

Title

Preview B I S Q " " <>

Write your text in Markdown

Color Yellow

Assignee Unassigned Me

Column Ready

Priority 0

Due Date 02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date 02/10/2025 19:37

Original estimate hours

Time spent hours

Complexity

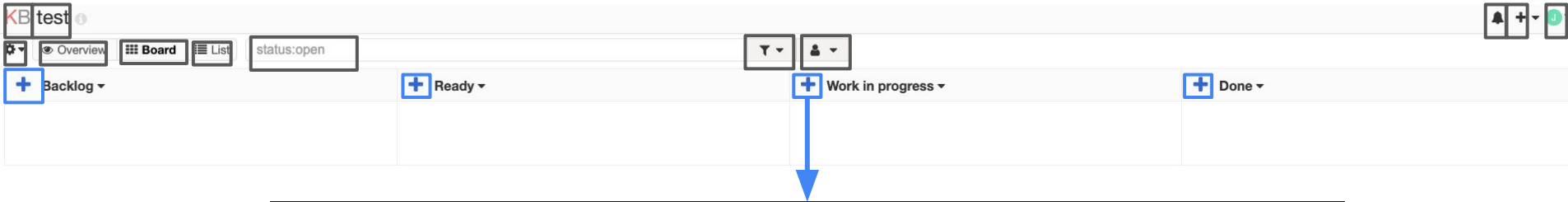
Reference

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

3 Save or cancel

# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial



test > New task

Title

☐ Preview **B** *I* ~~S~~ %

Color

Assignee  Me

Column

Priority

Due Date

Start Date

Original estimate  hours

Time spent  hours

Complexity

Reference

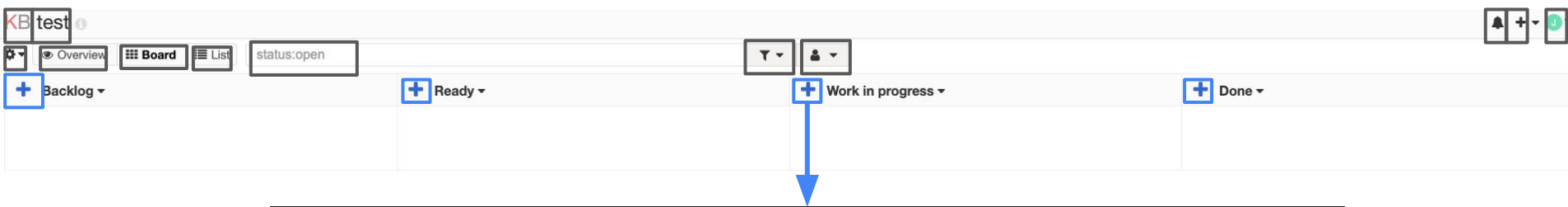
Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

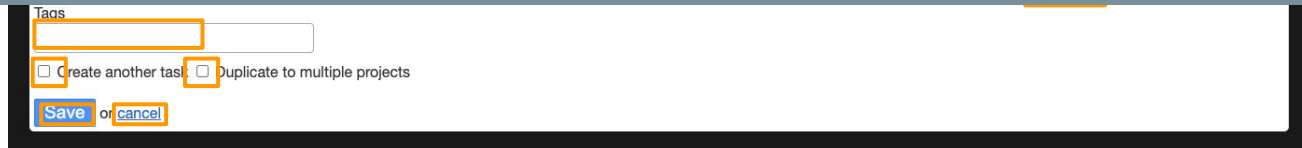
or



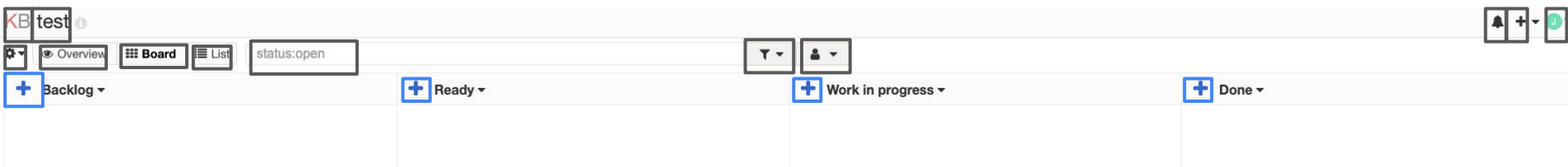
# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial



For this single page, even for a simple sequence that only contains 3 interactions, there are  $33 * 32 * 31 = 32796$  possible combinations. (Approximate 33 elements on the page.)



# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial - How to find the right sequence?



test > New task

Title

☐ Preview **B** *I* S

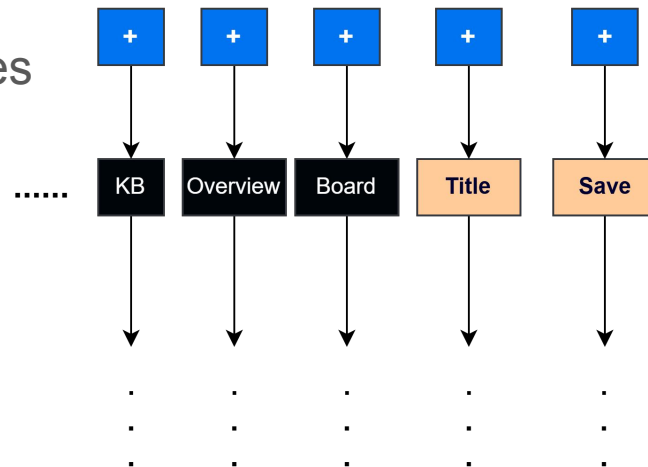
Write your text in Markdown

Tags

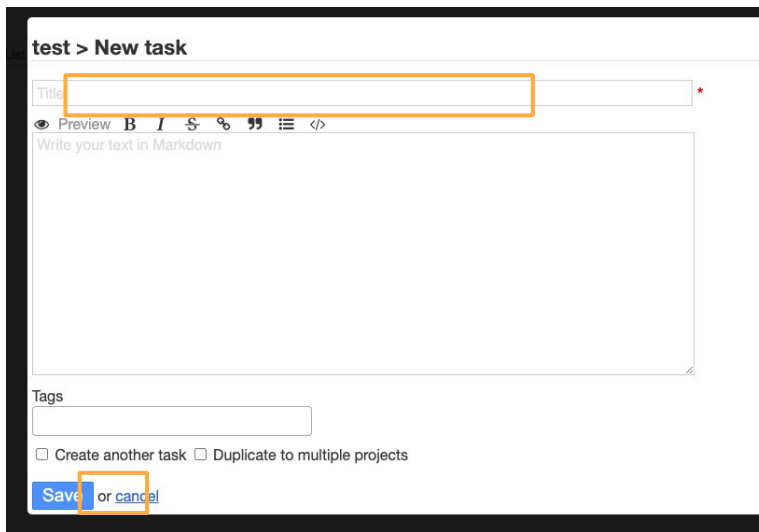
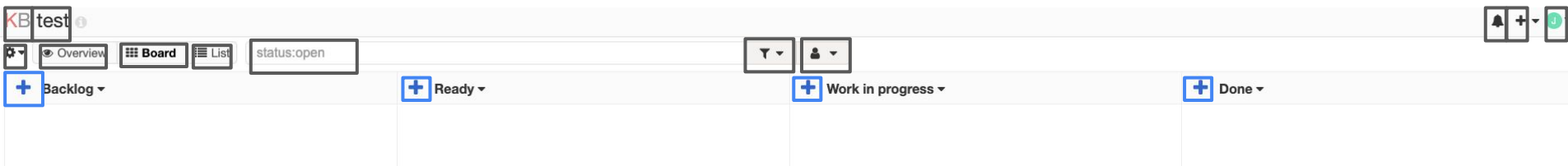
☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

or [cancel](#)

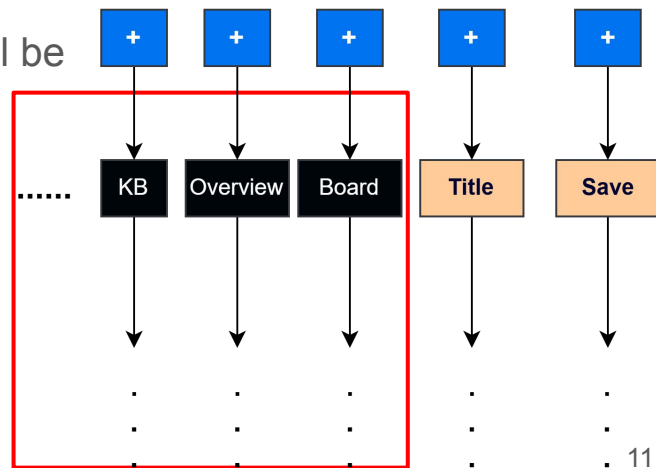
Possible  
Sequences



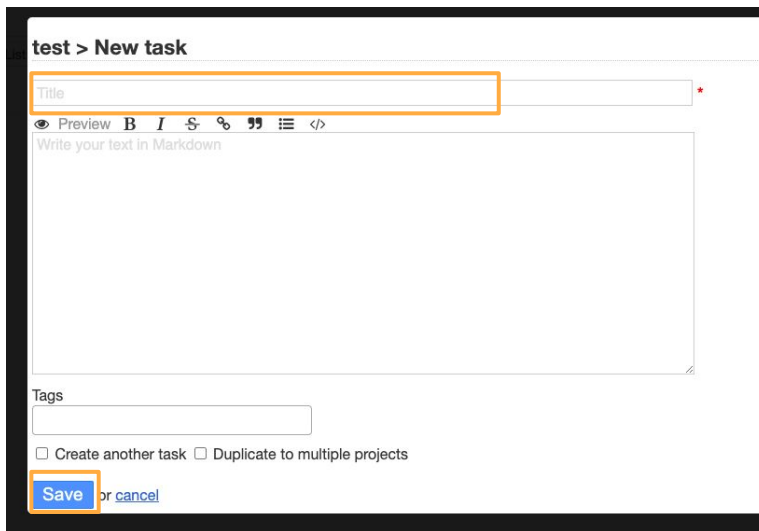
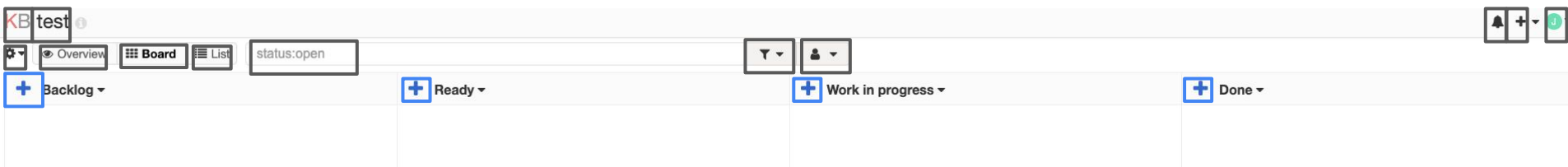
# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial - How to find the right sequence?



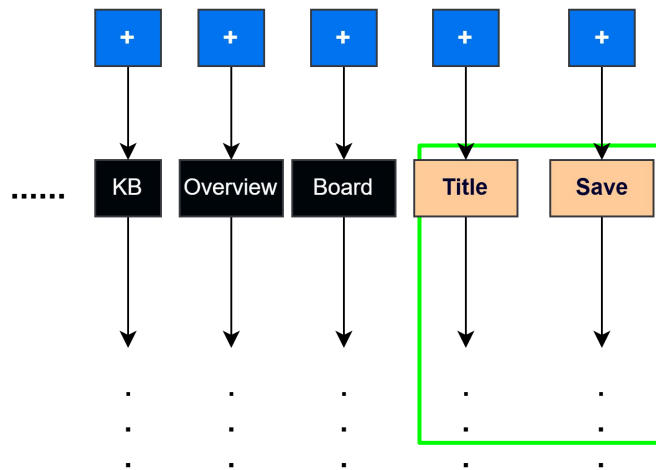
Avoid sequences with bad orders:  
Elements in black box will be **blocked by the pop-up window**



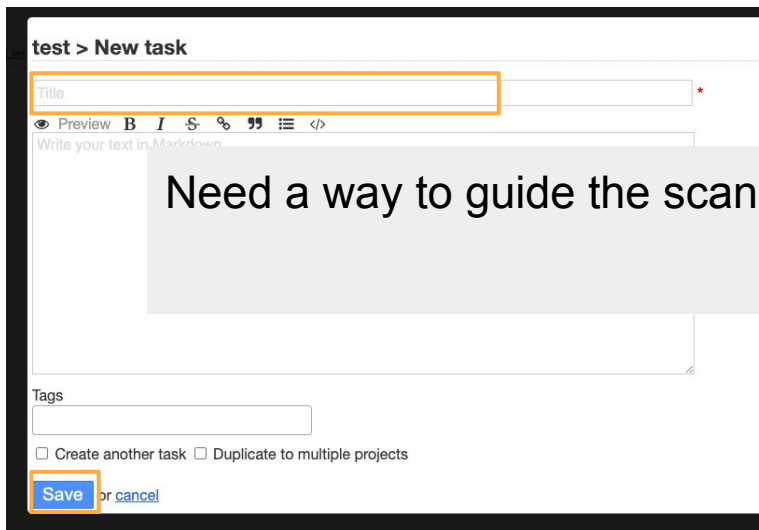
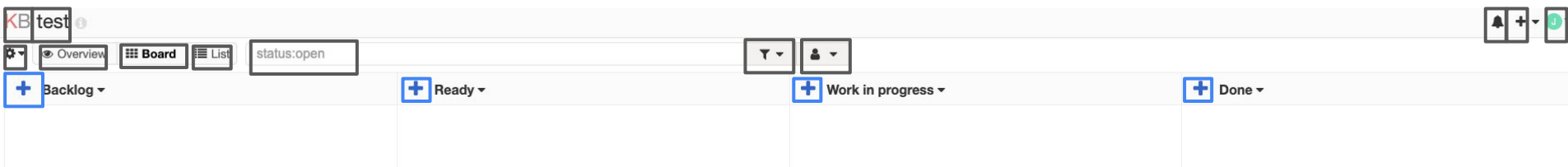
# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial - How to find the right sequence?



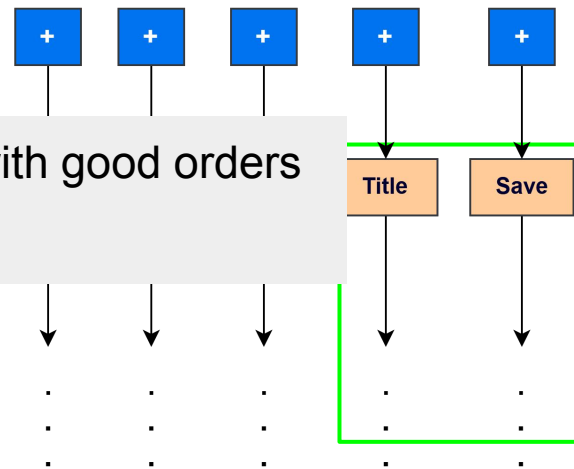
Explore sequences with good orders



# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial - How to find the right sequence?



Explore sequences with good orders



Need a way to guide the scanner to explore sequences with good orders

# Is finding one sequence enough?

KB test

Overview Board List status:open

1

+ Backlog ▾ + Ready ▾ + Work in progress ▾ + Done ▾

Should we stop at here?

test > New task

Title

2

Preview B I S Q L <>

Write your text in Markdown

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

3 Save or [cancel](#)

Color  
Yellow

Assignee  
Unassigned Me

Column  
Ready

Priority  
0

Due Date  
02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date  
02/10/2025 19:37

Original estimate  
hours

Time spent  
hours

Complexity

Reference

# Is finding one sequence enough?

KB test

Overview Board List status:open

+ Backlog + Ready + Work in progress + Done

How about other elements inside the form?

test > New task

Title

Preview Write your text in Markdown

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

Save or cancel

Color  
Yellow

Assignee  
Unassigned Me

Column  
Ready

Priority  
0

Due Date  
02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date  
02/10/2025 19:37

Original estimate  
hours

Time spent  
hours

Complexity

Reference

# Is finding one sequence enough?

KB test

Overview Board List status:open

+ Backlog + Ready + Work in progress + Done

- Form submission with different combination of inputs can trigger different codes on the server
- They can be injecting points for XSS payload

test > New task

Title

Write your text in Markdown

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

Save or cancel

Color  
Yellow

Assignee  
Unassigned Me

Column  
Ready

Priority  
0

Due Date  
02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date  
02/10/2025 19:37

Original estimate  
hours

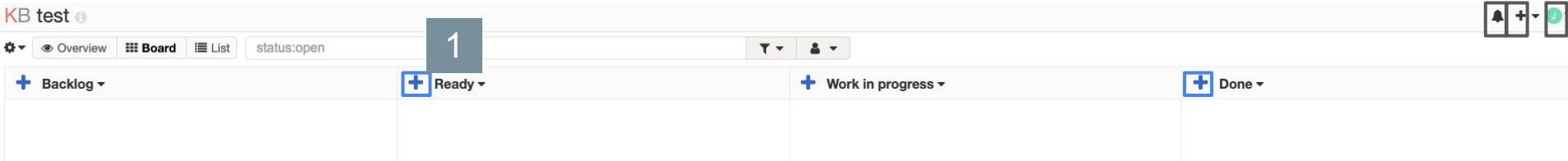
Time spent  
hours

Complexity

Reference



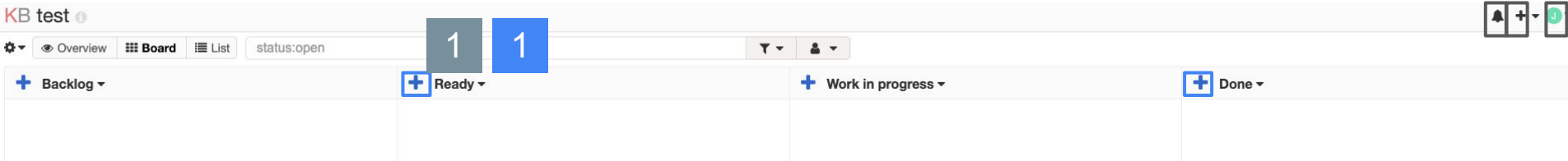
# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial



The Simplest  
Sequence  
Interaction

A screenshot of a 'New task' form. The form is titled 'test > New task'. It contains several input fields and dropdown menus. A sequence interaction diagram is overlaid on the form, showing three steps: 1. A blue square labeled '1' points to the 'Title' input field. 2. A blue square labeled '2' points to the 'Assignee' dropdown menu. 3. A blue square labeled '3' points to the 'Save' button. The form includes fields for 'Title', 'Color' (set to 'Yellow'), 'Assignee' (set to 'Unassigned'), 'Column' (set to 'Ready'), 'Priority' (set to '0'), 'Due Date' (set to '02/10/2025 19:37'), 'Start Date' (set to '02/10/2025 19:37'), 'Original estimate' (set to '0 hours'), 'Time spent' (set to '0 hours'), 'Complexity', and 'Reference'. There are also checkboxes for 'Create another task' and 'Duplicate to multiple projects'. The 'Save' button is highlighted with a blue border.

# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial



The Simplest  
Sequence  
Interaction

Longer  
Sequence

A screenshot of a "test > New task" form. The form is divided into several sections. The top section has a "Title" field (labeled 2) and a "Write your text in Markdown" area (labeled 3). The bottom section has a "Tags" field (labeled 4) and a "Save" button (labeled 5). The right side of the form contains various fields: "Color" (Yellow), "Assignee" (Unassigned), "Column" (Ready), "Priority" (0), "Due Date" (02/10/2025 19:37), "Start Date" (02/10/2025 19:37), "Original estimate" (hours), "Time spent" (hours), "Complexity", and "Reference".

# Submitting HTML forms is not trivial

Avoid certain elements: such as “cancel button” or elements that require values cannot be inferred by scanners

Partially Preserve the order: Make the “Save” button to be at the end, etc.

The screenshot shows a web form titled "test > New task". It contains several input fields and buttons. The "cancel" button is highlighted with a red box. Other fields include "Title", "Color" (set to Yellow), "Assignee" (set to Unassigned), "Column" (set to Ready), "Priority" (set to 0), "Due Date" (02/10/2025 19:37), "Start Date" (02/10/2025 19:37), "Original estimate" (0 hours), "Time spent" (0 hours), "Complexity", and "Reference". The "Save" button is also visible.

test > New task

Title

Preview B I S Q " ≡ </>

Write your text in Markdown

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

Save or **cancel**

Color: Yellow

Assignee: Unassigned Me

Column: Ready

Priority: 0

Due Date: 02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date: 02/10/2025 19:37

Original estimate: 0 hours

Time spent: 0 hours

Complexity:

Reference:

# EvoCrawl is

- A way to effectively generate sequences that preserve good orders
- A way to generate new sequences from the sequences with good orders

# EvoCrawl is

- A way to effectively generate sequences that preserve good order
- A way to generate new sequences from the sequences with good order

Evolutionary Search and Dependency Tracking

# Diversified Evolutionary Search

**Fitness Function:** Identify Sequences With good order

Reward:



Punish:



Aims to explore diversified states of the application -> Need Diversified Sequences

# Diversified Evolutionary Search

**Crossover:** Generate new sequences based on the Sequences with good order

- Concatenate parts of two sequences together: introducing diversity into sequences while partially maintaining the order

The screenshot shows a 'test > New task' form. It includes a title field, a rich text editor, and various metadata fields. Numbered annotations highlight specific elements: 1 points to the title field, 2 points to the rich text editor, 3 points to the color dropdown, 4 points to the priority dropdown, and 5 points to the reference field. At the bottom, there are checkboxes for 'Create another task' and 'Duplicate to multiple projects', and 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

test > New task

Title

1 1

2

Color Yellow 3

Assignee Unassigned Me

Column Ready

Priority 0 4

Due Date 02/10/2025 19:37

Start Date 02/10/2025 19:37

Original estimate hours

Time spent hours

Complexity

Reference 5

Tags

☐ Create another task ☐ Duplicate to multiple projects

2 Save or Cancel





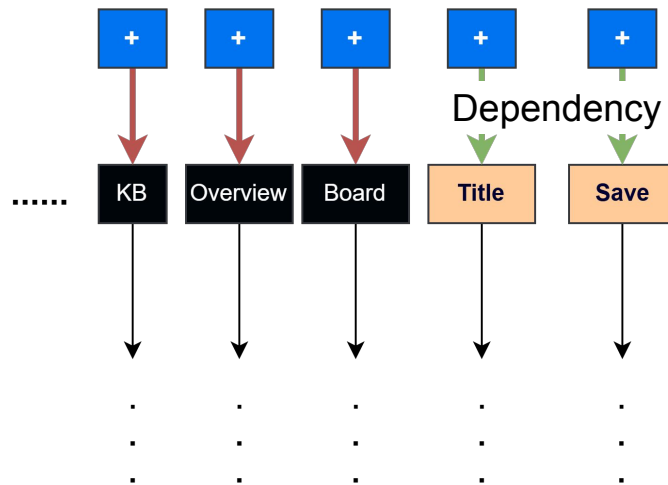
# Dependency Tracking

We consider dependencies to exist among elements when interaction with an element change the status of some web elements.

We design the scanner to keep track of these dependencies

- The “Title” and “Save” elements should follow the “+” elements instead of others

**Enable the scanner to quickly generate sequences with good order**



# Vulnerability Detections

Integrate IDOR and XSS vulnerability Detectors into EvoCrawl (Details are in the Paper)

Support future integration of other Vulnerability Detector

# Experiment Setup

## Code Coverage

- Evaluate EvoCrawl's performance by comparing it with three state-of-the-art scanners: **BlackWidow**, **JAK**, and **CrawlJAX**.

## Form Submissions (Measure how many states are explored):

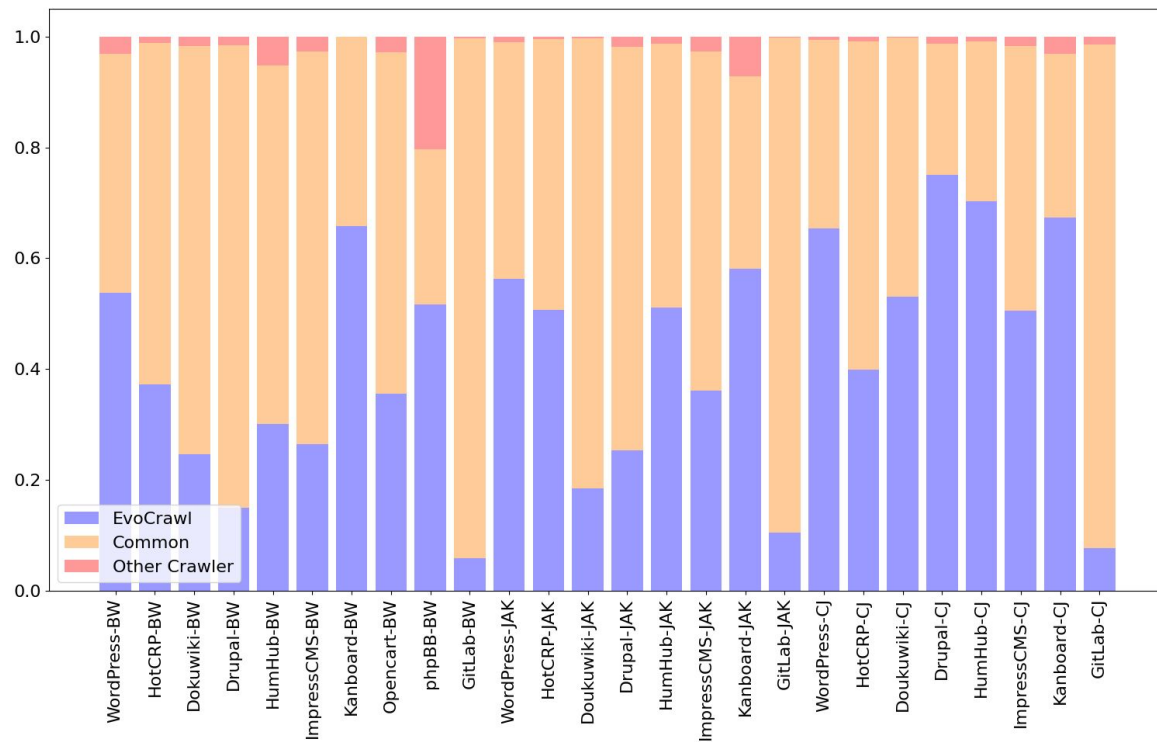
- Calculate the total count of HTML forms that have been submitted.
- **Compared with BlackWidow**

## Vulnerability Detection

- Collect the number of vulnerabilities

# Code Coverage

Cover 1.5x lines of code



# Form Submissions

	Unique-EvoCrawl	Common	Unique-BlackWidow
WordPress	8	7	2
HotCRP	4x Unique Forms		
Humhub			
Drupal			
Kanboard			
phpBB			
ImpressCMS			
Opencart			
Dokuwiki			
Gitlab			

The count of submitted forms: Unique forms submitted by EvoCrawl, Common forms submitted by both crawlers and Unique forms submitted by BlackWidow  
(Details are in the Paper)

# IDOR Vulnerabilities Found

- Gitlab: One ajax endpoint that reveals all user's information including avatar URL, username and states
- ImpressCMS:
  - One endpoint that allows attacker to force browsing to private images
  - One endpoint that allows attacker to force browsing to other user's personal page

# IDOR Vulnerabilities Found

- Gitlab: One ajax endpoint that reveals all user's information including avatar URL, username and states
- ImpressCMS:
  - **One endpoint that allows attacker to force browsing to private images**
  - One endpoint that allows attacker to force browsing to other user's personal page



# XSS vulnerability Detector

**Humhub:** One injection point that allows the website owner to inject a custom script for tracking page statistics (Not a bug).

**Wordpress:** Two Stored XSS. (Acknowledged but not fixed because falls outside their security policy)

## **HotCRP:**

- One stored XSS vulnerability which has been acknowledged and fixed (fixed).
- One reflected XSS vulnerability which cannot be exploited by attackers as it is only visible to admin users and protected by a CSRF token. (Not acknowledged)

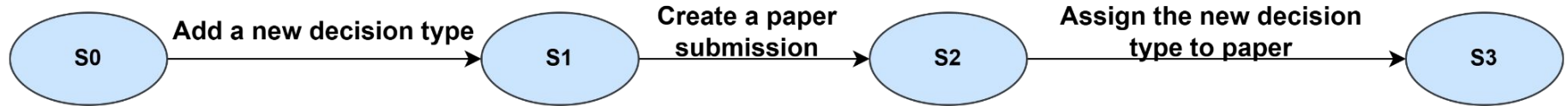
**Kanboard:** One stored XSS vulnerability that has been acknowledged and fixed.



# XSS vulnerability Detector

## HotCRP:

- One stored XSS vulnerability which has been acknowledged and fixed (fixed).
- For each step, the scanner need to find the right sequence of interactions



# Conclusion

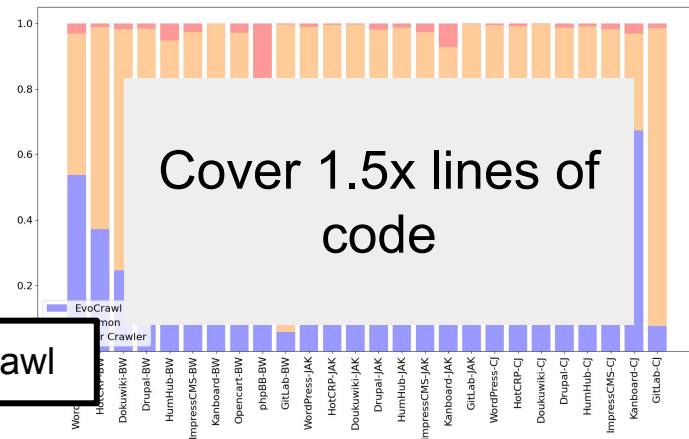
- Using an evolutionary search algorithm with dependency tracking enables a scanner to transition the application into diverse states, thus achieves greater code coverage
- Evolutionary search can guide the crawler toward favorable objectives, such as form submission, inputs injection, and elements that triggered JS events.

# Conclusion

# Evolutionary Search

# Dependency Tracking

## Main Idea



<https://github.com/dlgroupuoft/evocrawl>

# Found: 3 IDOR and 5 XSS

	Unique-EvoCrawl	Common	Unique-BlackWidow
WordPiece	8	7	2
Ho			
Hu			
Dri			
Kai			
phj			
Imj			
Op			
Do			
Gitao	50	1	1

Thank you!