

ATHENE

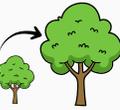
Nationales Forschungszentrum
für angewandte Cybersicherheit

Pruning the Tree:

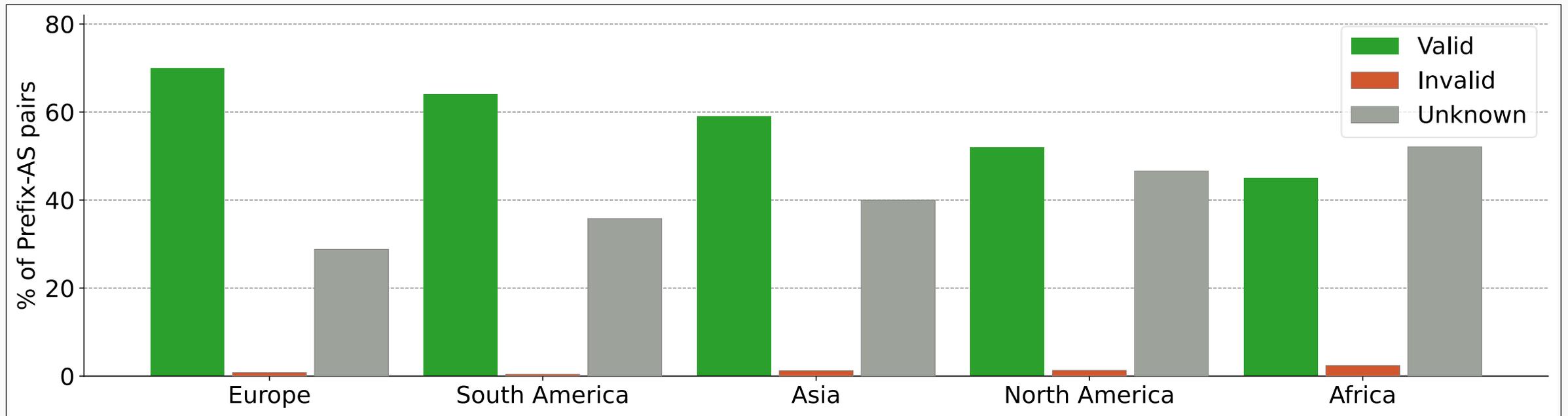
Rethinking RPKI Architecture from the Ground Up

Haya Schulmann and Niklas Vogel

German National Research Center for Applied Cybersecurity ATHENE
Goethe-University Frankfurt



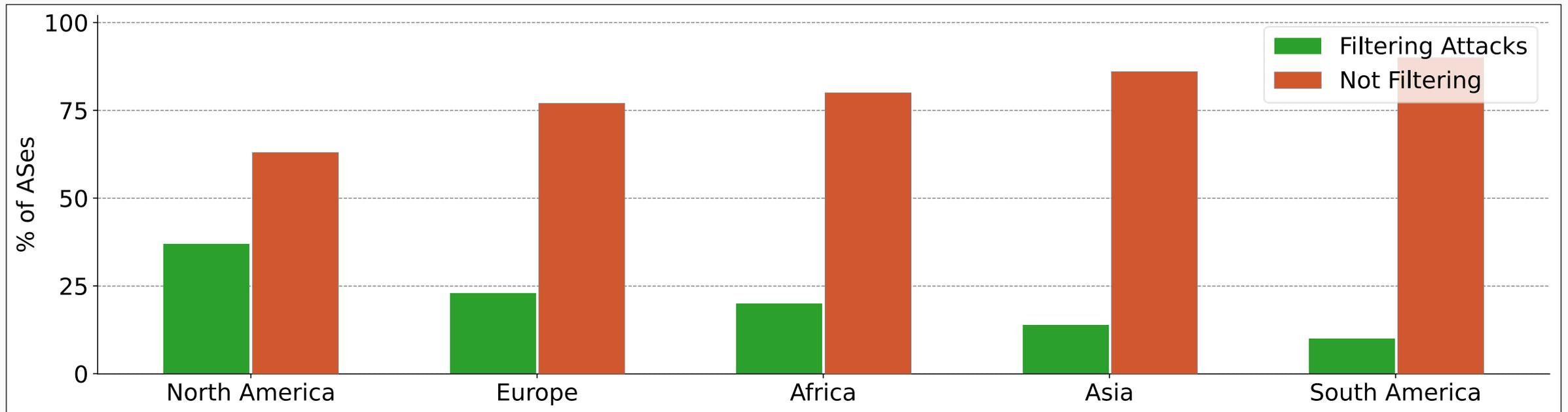
Motivation: Deployment RPKI Coverage



Data Source: Own Measurement



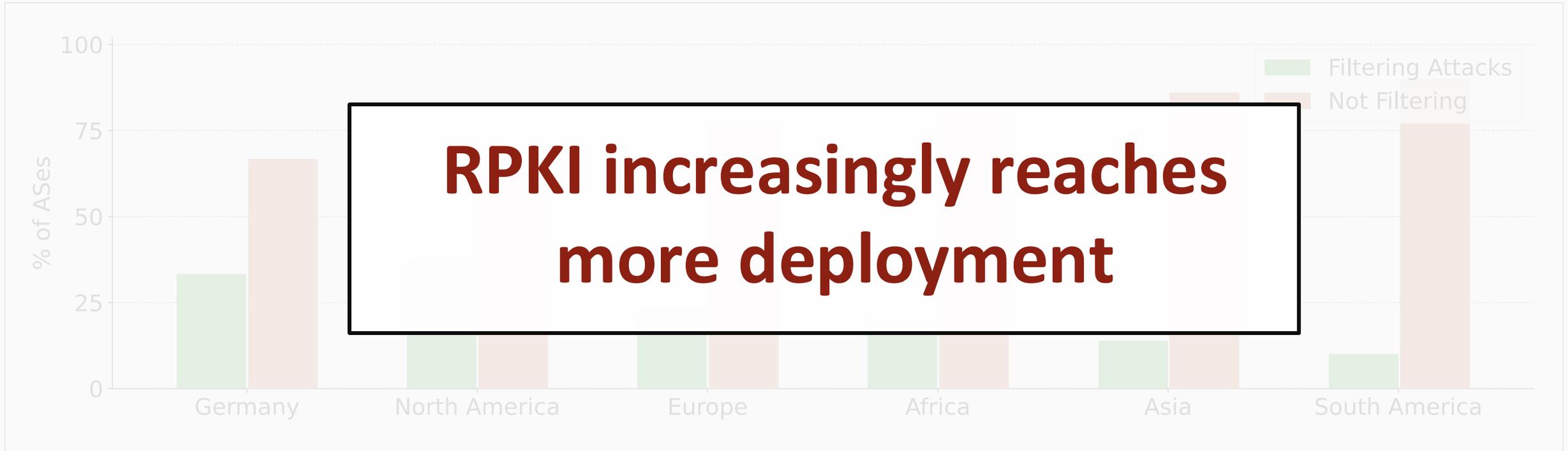
Motivation: Deployment RPKI Filtering



Data Source: APNIC ROV Map



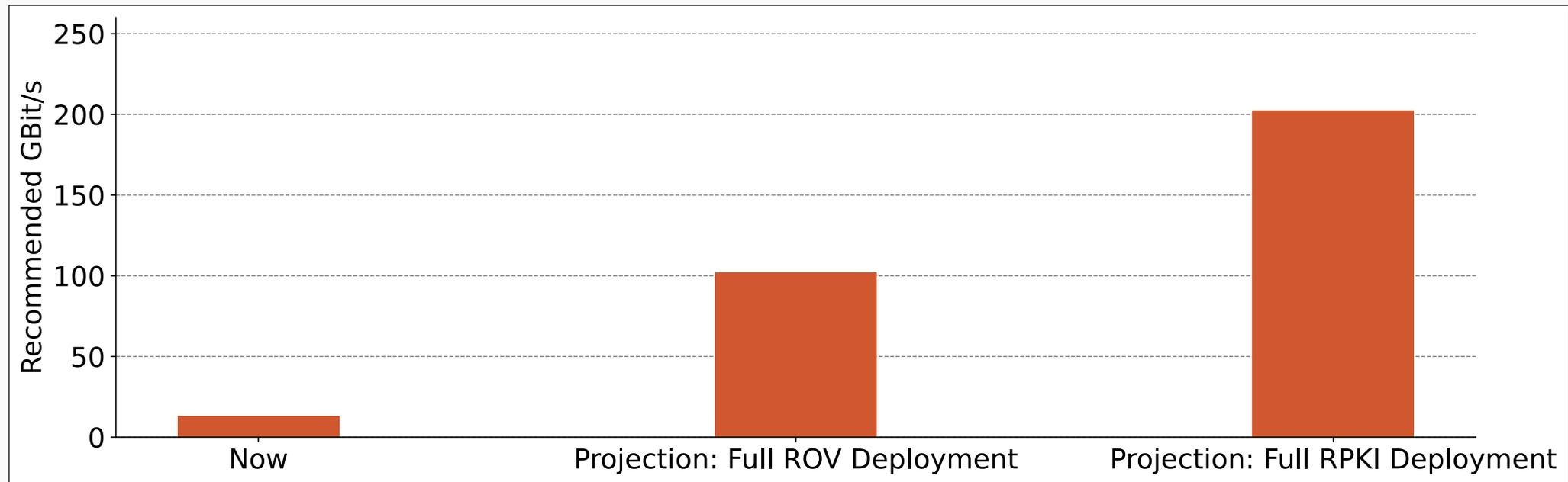
Motivation: Deployment RPKI Filtering

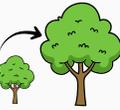


Data Source: APNIC ROV Map



Motivation: Projecting RPKI to full Deployment





Motivation: Projecting RPKI to full Deployment





Motivation: RPKI is prone to Implementation Errors

CVE-2024-45237 Detail

MODIFIED

This CVE record has been updated after NVD enrichment efforts were completed. Enrichment data supplied by the NVD may require amendment due to these changes.

Description

An issue was discovered in Fort before 1.6.3. A malicious RPKI repository that descends from a (trusted) Trust Anchor can serve (via rsync or RRDP) a resource certificate containing a Key Usage extension composed of more than two bytes of data. Fort writes this string into a 2-byte buffer without properly sanitizing its length, leading to a buffer overflow.

Metrics CVSS Version 4.0 CVSS Version 3.x CVSS Version 2.0

NVD enrichment efforts reference publicly available information to associate vector strings. CVSS information contributed by other sources is also displayed.

CVSS 3.x Severity and Vector Strings:

NIST: NVD	Base Score: 9.8 CRITICAL
ADP: CISA-ADP	Base Score: 9.8 CRITICAL

CVE-2023-39916 Detail

MODIFIED

This CVE record has been updated after NVD enrichment efforts were completed. Enrichment data supplied by the NVD may require amendment due to these changes.

Current Description

NLnet Labs' Routinator 0.9.0 up to and including 0.12.1 as well as 0.14.0 up to and including 0.14.2 contains a possible path traversal vulnerability in the optional, off-by-default keep-rrdp-responses feature that allows users to store the content of responses received for RRDP requests. The location of these stored responses is constructed from the URL of the request. Due to insufficient sanitation of the URL, it is possible for an attacker to craft a URL that results in the response being stored outside of the directory specified for it.

[+View Analysis Description](#)

version 4.0 CVSS Version 3.x CVSS Version 2.0

nce publicly available information to associate vector strings. CVSS information contributed by other sources is also displayed.

Vector Strings:

Base Score: 6.5 MEDIUM	Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:L/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N
Base Score: 9.3 CRITICAL	Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:H/A:H

CVE-2023-39915 Detail

MODIFIED

This CVE record has been updated after NVD enrichment efforts were completed. Enrichment data supplied by the NVD may require amendment due to these changes.

Current Description

NLnet Labs' Routinator up to and including version 0.12.1 may crash when trying to parse certain malformed RPKI objects. This is due to insufficient input checking in the bcder library covered by CVE-2023-39914.

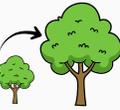
[+View Analysis Description](#)

Metrics CVSS Version 4.0 CVSS Version 3.x CVSS Version 2.0

NVD enrichment efforts reference publicly available information to associate vector strings. CVSS information contributed by other sources is also displayed.

CVSS 3.x Severity and Vector Strings:

CNA: NLnet Labs	Base Score: 7.5 HIGH	Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H
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Motivation: RPKI is prone to Implementation Errors

CVE-2024-45237 Detail

MODIFIED

This CVE record has been updated after NVD enrichment efforts were completed. Enrichment data supplied by the NVD may require amendment due to these changes.

Description

An issue was discovered in Fort before 1.6.3. A malicious RPKI resource that descends from a trusted Trust Anchor can conceivably cause an RRDP) a resource certificate containing a Key Usage extension to be processed in a buffer without properly sanitizing its length, leading to a buffer overflow.

Metrics CVSS Version 4.0 CVSS Version 3.x

NVD NIST: NVD Base Score: 9.8 CRITICAL

ADP: CISA-ADP Base Score: 9.8 CRITICAL

CVE-2023-39916 Detail

MODIFIED

This CVE record has been updated after NVD enrichment efforts were completed. Enrichment data supplied by the NVD may require amendment due to these changes.

Current Description

maintains a possible path traversal content of responses received for RRDP. If sufficient sanitation of the URL, it is specified for it.

Current Description

NLnet Labs' Routinator up to and including version 0.12.1 may crash when trying to parse certain malformed RPKI objects. This is due to insufficient input checking in the bcdr library covered by CVE-2023-39914.

Metrics CVSS Version 4.0 CVSS Version 3.x CVSS Version 2.0

CNA: NLnet Labs Base Score: 7.5 HIGH Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:H

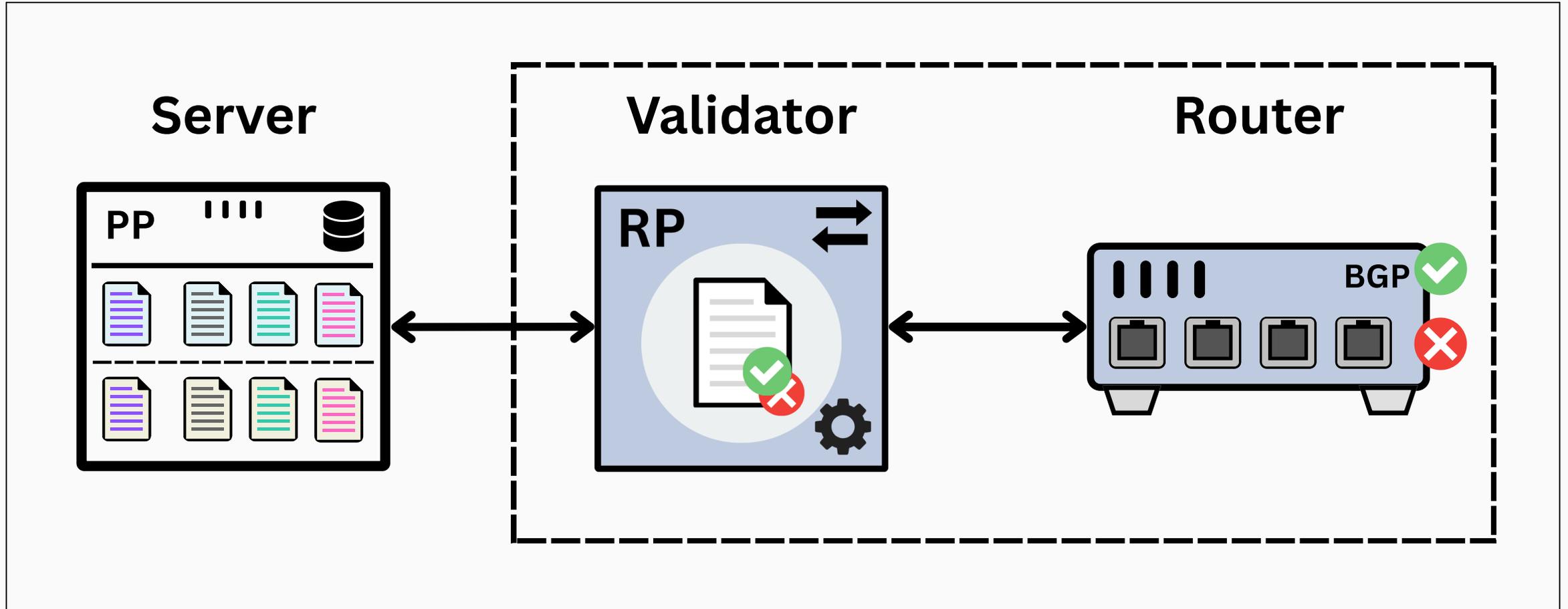
Base Score: 9.3 CRITICAL Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:N/I:H/A:H

Current RPKI is challenging to implement and secure

**RPKI is (very)
complex....**

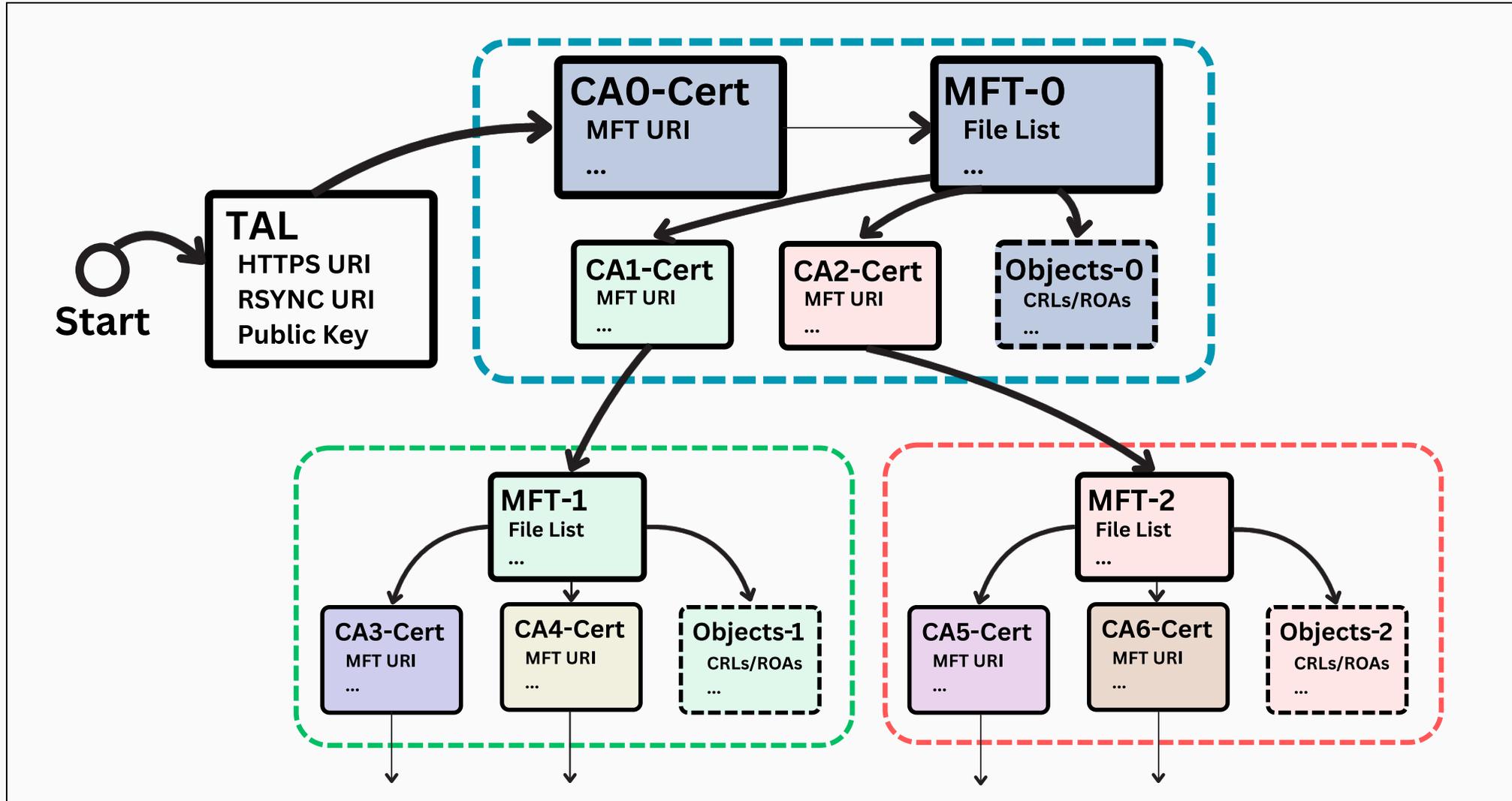


Fundamentals of RPKI



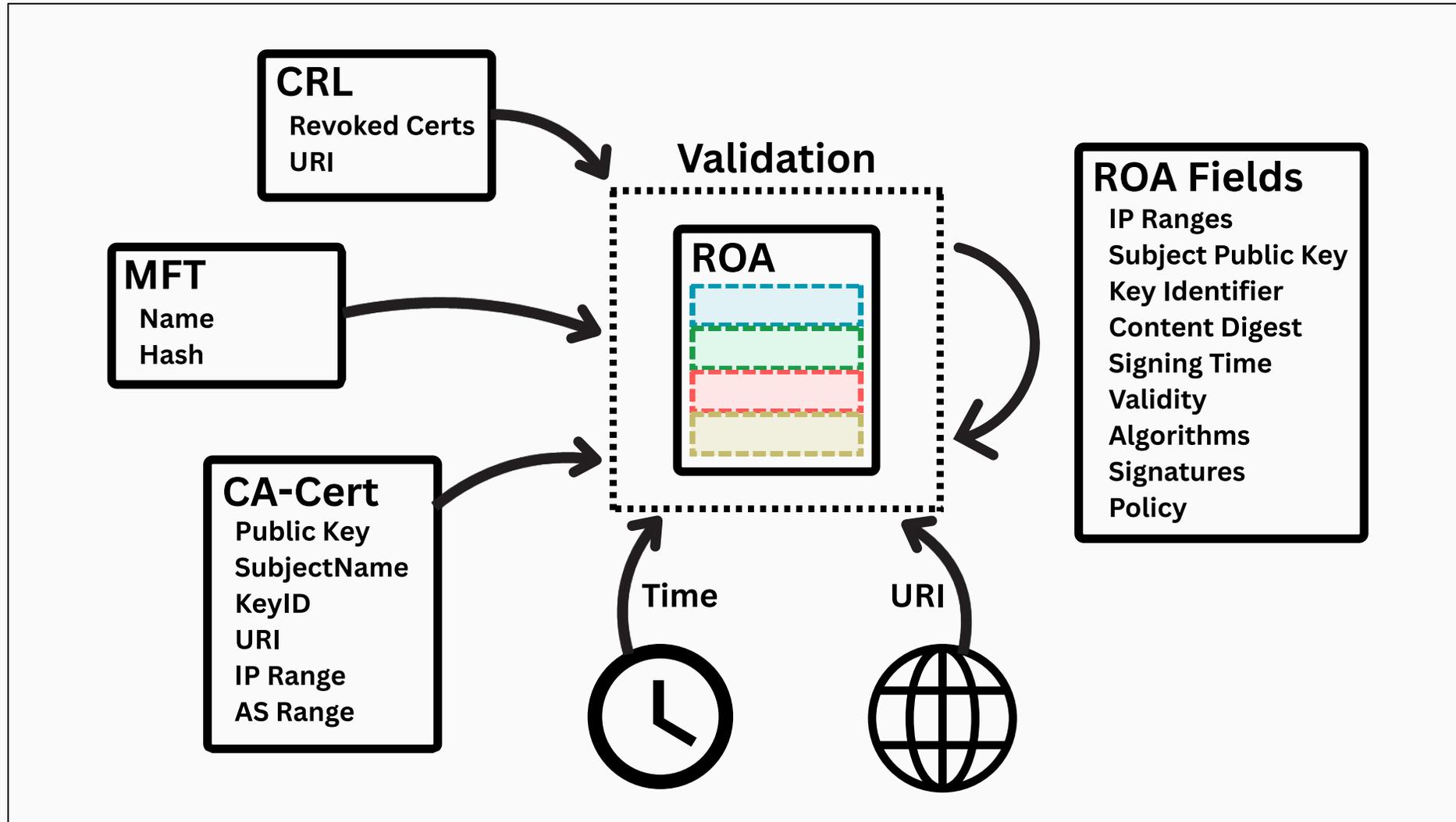


Fundamentals of RPKI



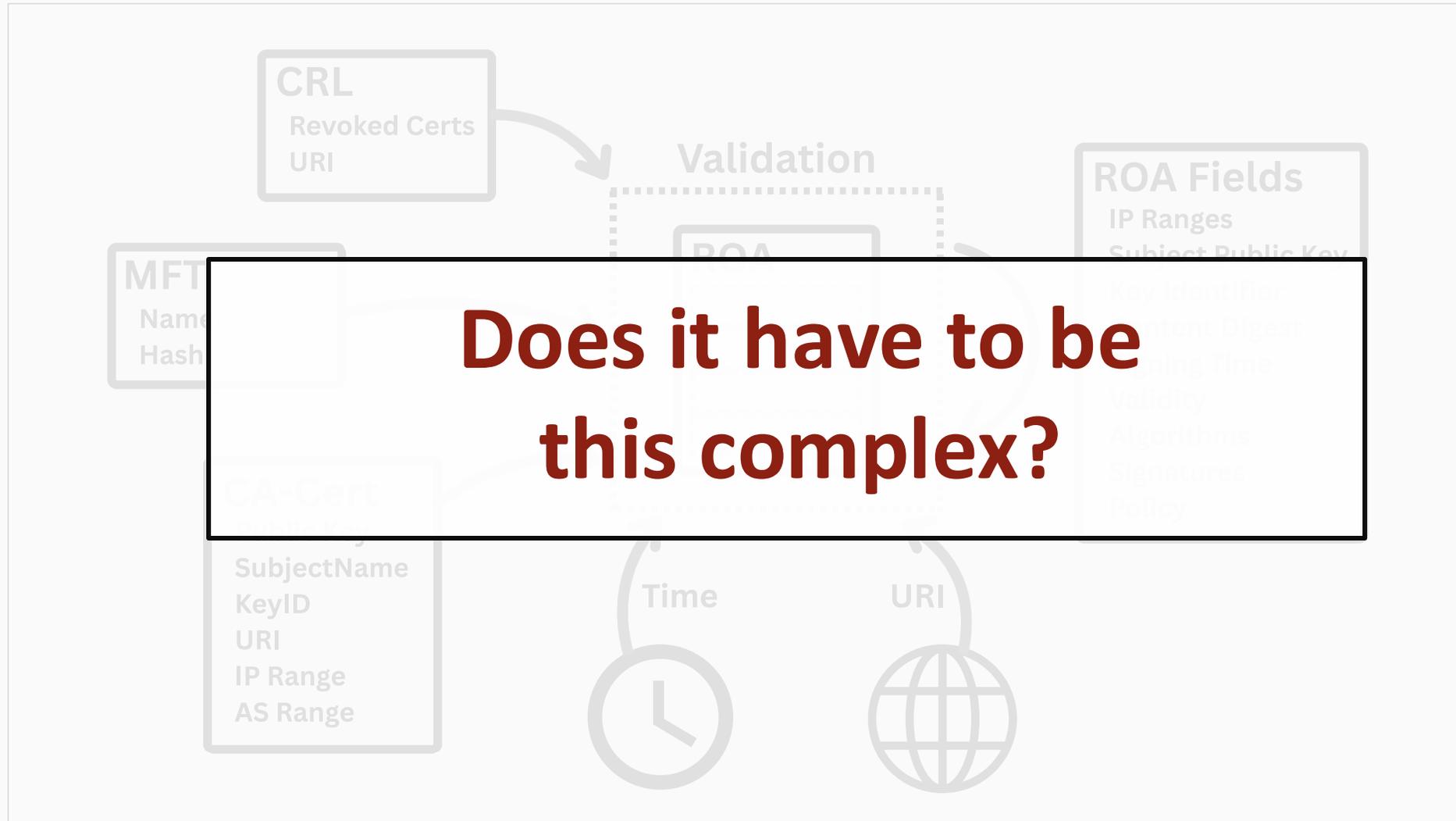


Fundamentals of RPKI





Fundamentals of RPKI



Questioning fundamental Design Choices of RPKI

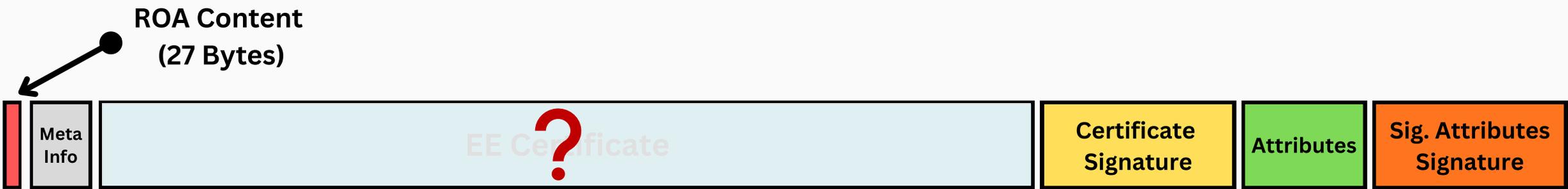


Analyzing RPKI Overhead – ROA Object





Analyzing RPKI Overhead – Do we need the EE-Cert?

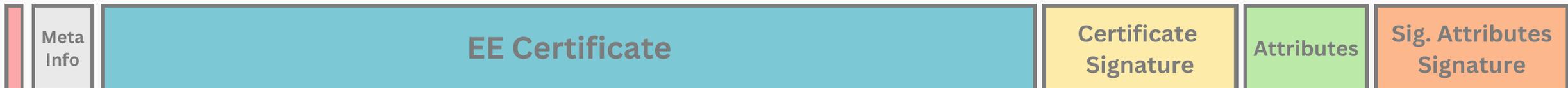




Do we need the EE-Cert?

RFC6480

»The private key associated with an EE certificate is used to sign a **single RPKI signed object**, i.e., the EE certificate is used to **validate only one object**«





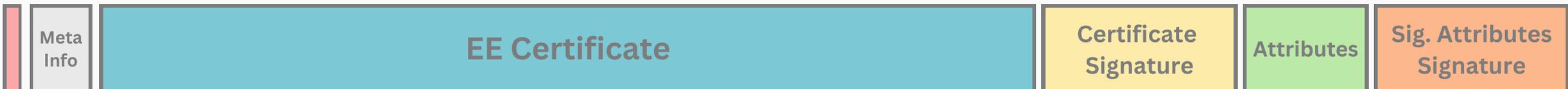
Do we need the EE-Cert?

RFC6480

»The private key associated with an EE certificate is used to sign a **single RPKI signed object**, i.e., the EE certificate is used to **validate only one object**«

RFC6480

»Because of the **one-to-one relationship** between EE certificate and signed object, **revocation of the certificate** effectively **revokes the corresponding signed object**«





Do we need the EE-Cert?

RFC6480

»The private key associated with an EE certificate is used to sign the certificate. A single RPKI signed object is the EE certificate. The EE certificate is used to validate only one object.

RFC6480

»Because of the one-to-one relationship between certificate and signed object, revocation of the certificate revokes the signed object»

EE Certificate (mostly) for revocation is excessive

Meta Info

EE Certificate

Certificate Signature

Attributes

Sig. Attributes Signature



Do we need the EE-Cert?

RFC6480

»The private key associated with an EE certificate is used to sign the certificate. A single RPKI signed object is the EE certificate. The EE certificate is used to validate only one object.

RFC6480

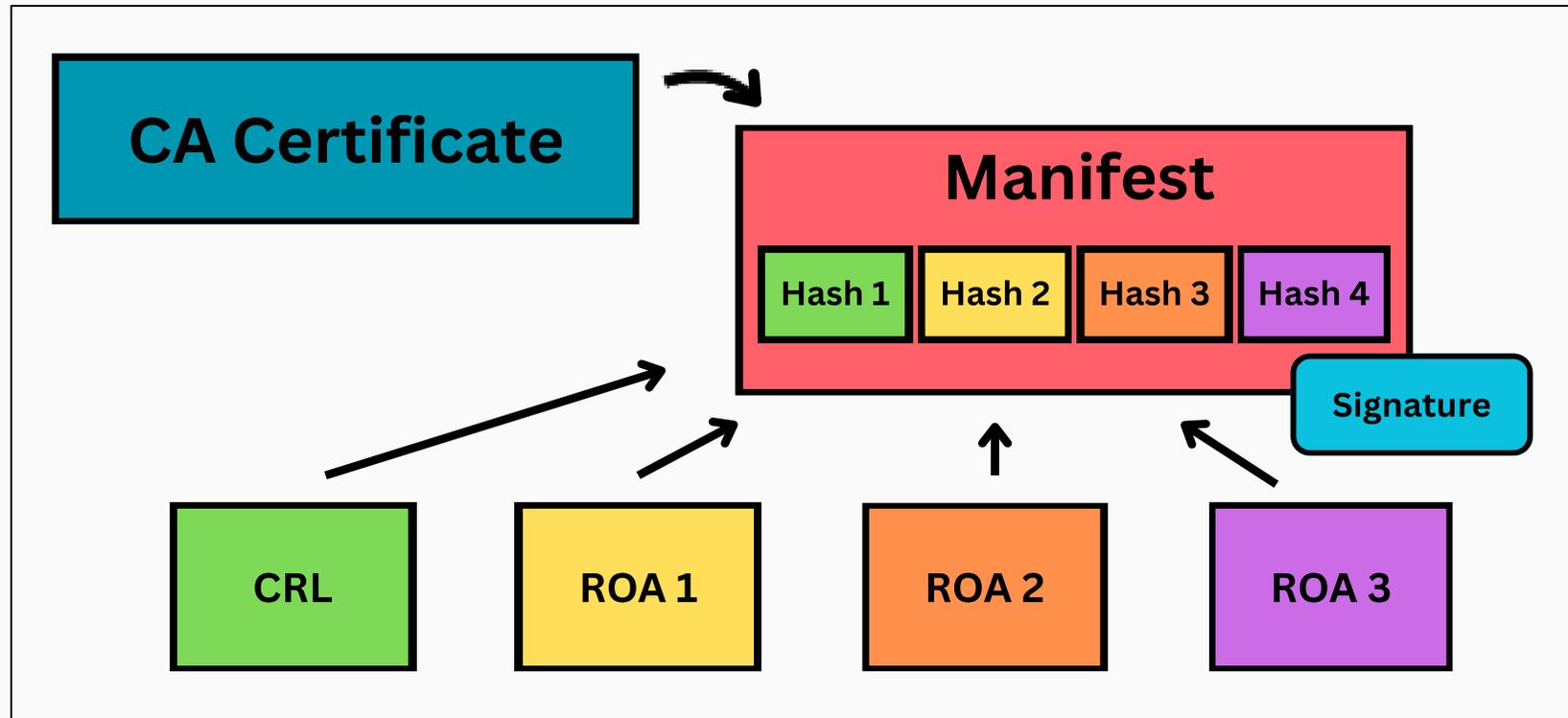
»Because of the one-to-one relationship between a certificate and the object it revokes, the revocation of the certificate revokes the signed object«

EE Certificate (mostly) for revocation is excessive



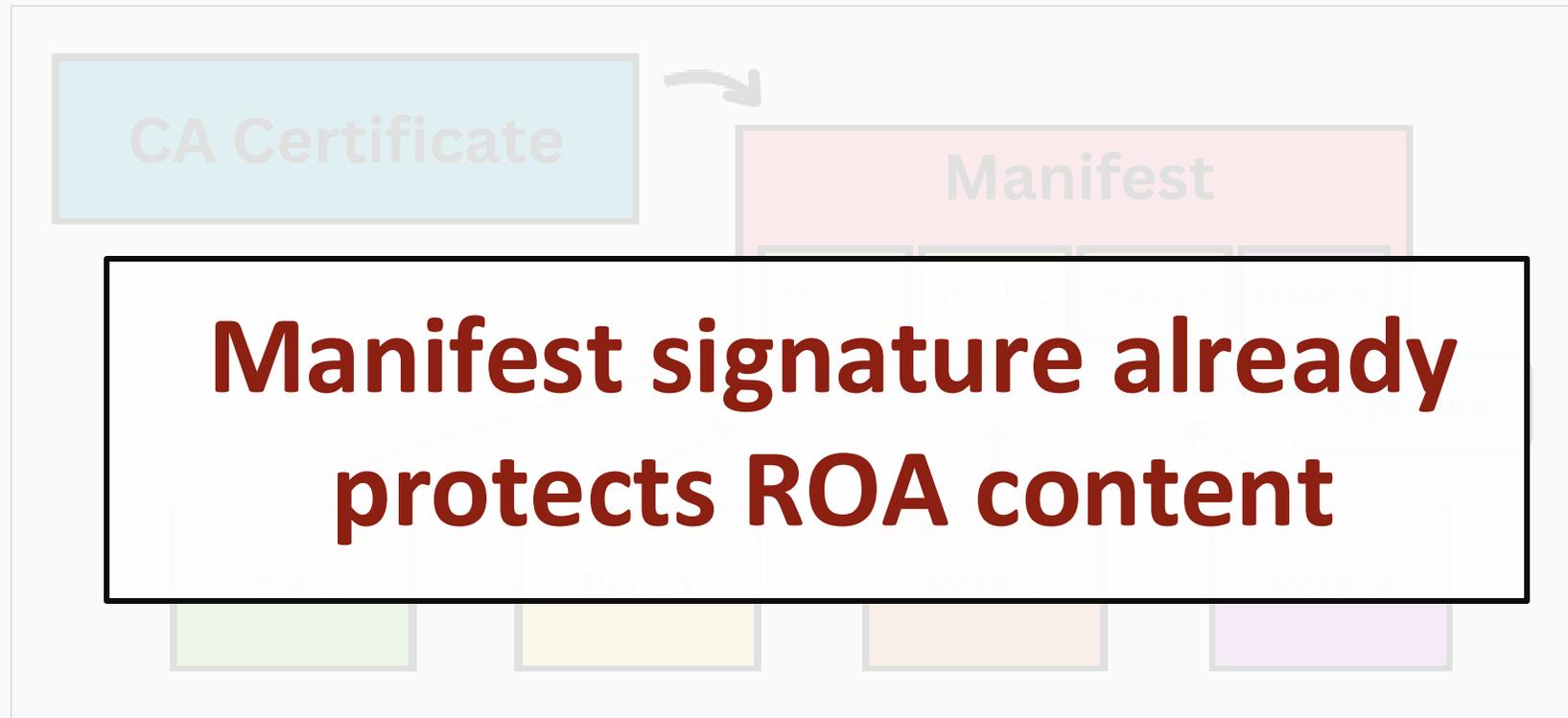


Do we need ROA signatures?



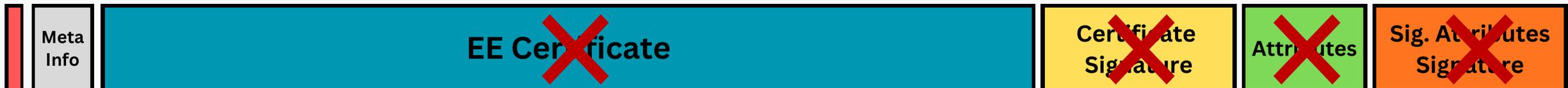
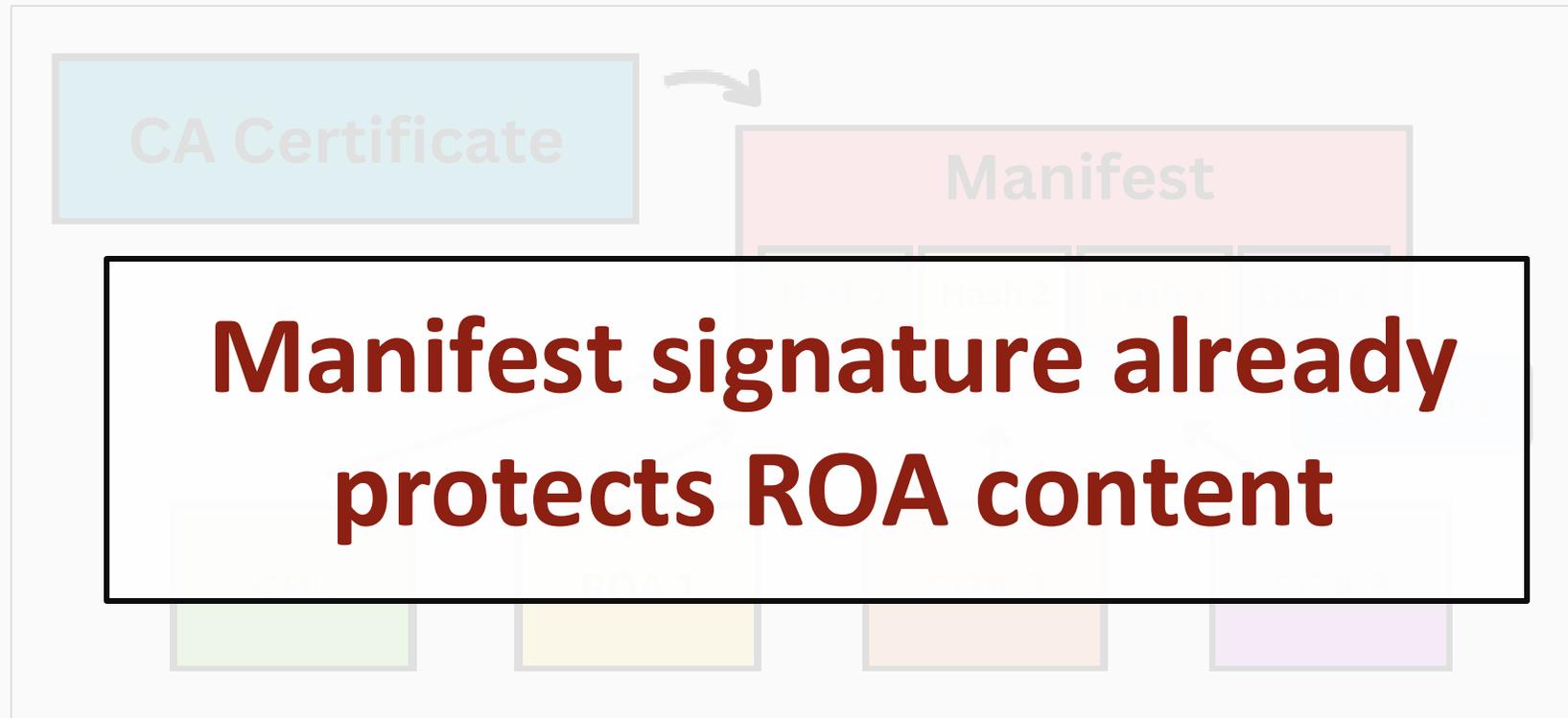


Do we need ROA signatures?





Do we need ROA signatures?





Introducing Improved RPKI (iRPKI)

Stripping EE Certificate

Unsigned ROAs

Restructure Objects

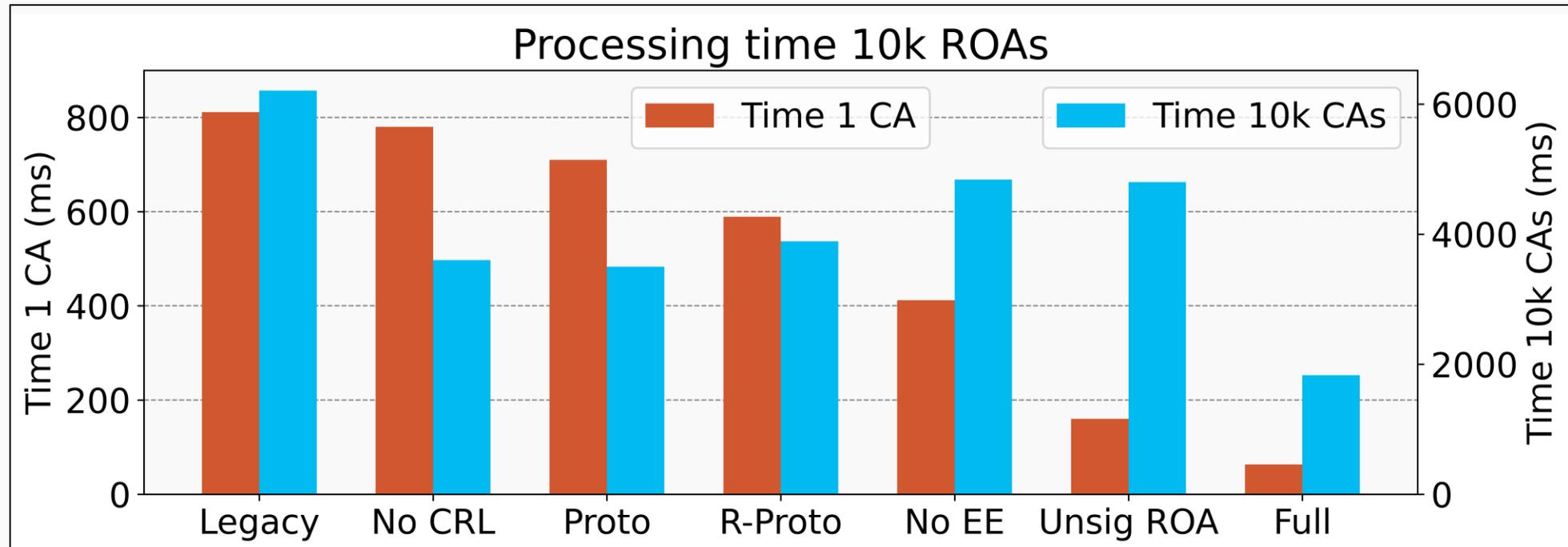
Combine MFT and CRL

XML -> Protobuf

DER -> Protobuf

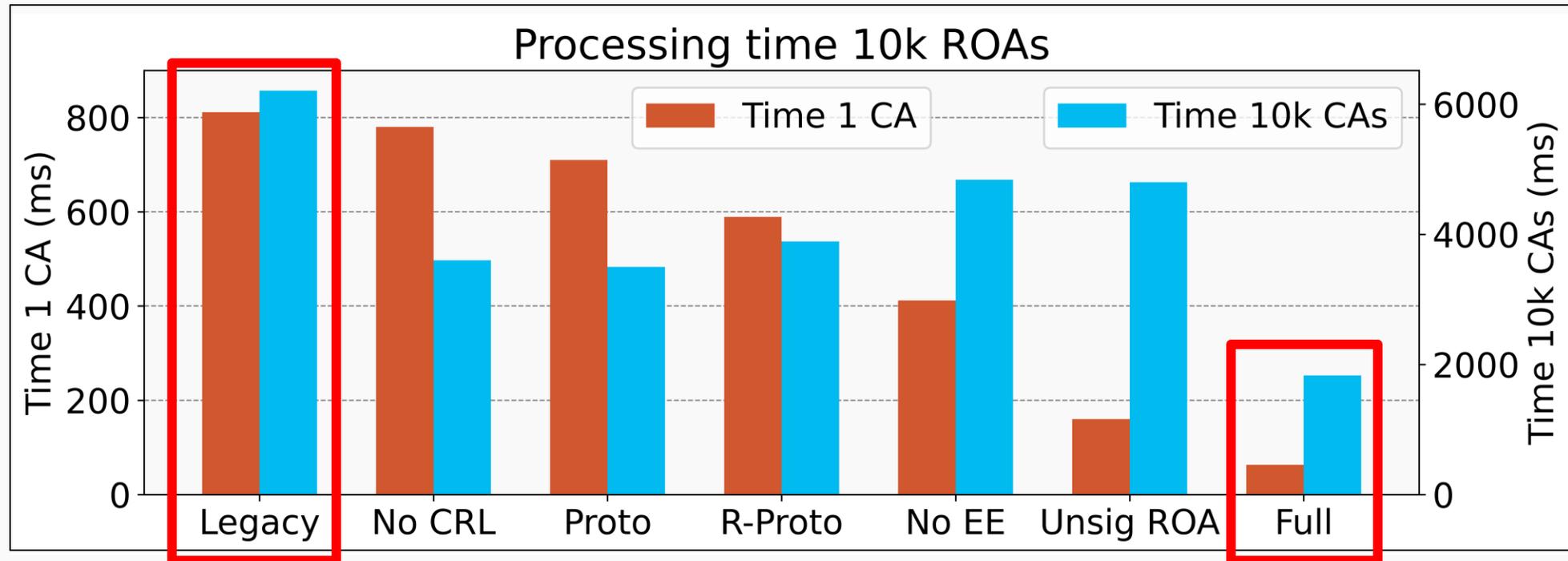


Evaluating iRPKI



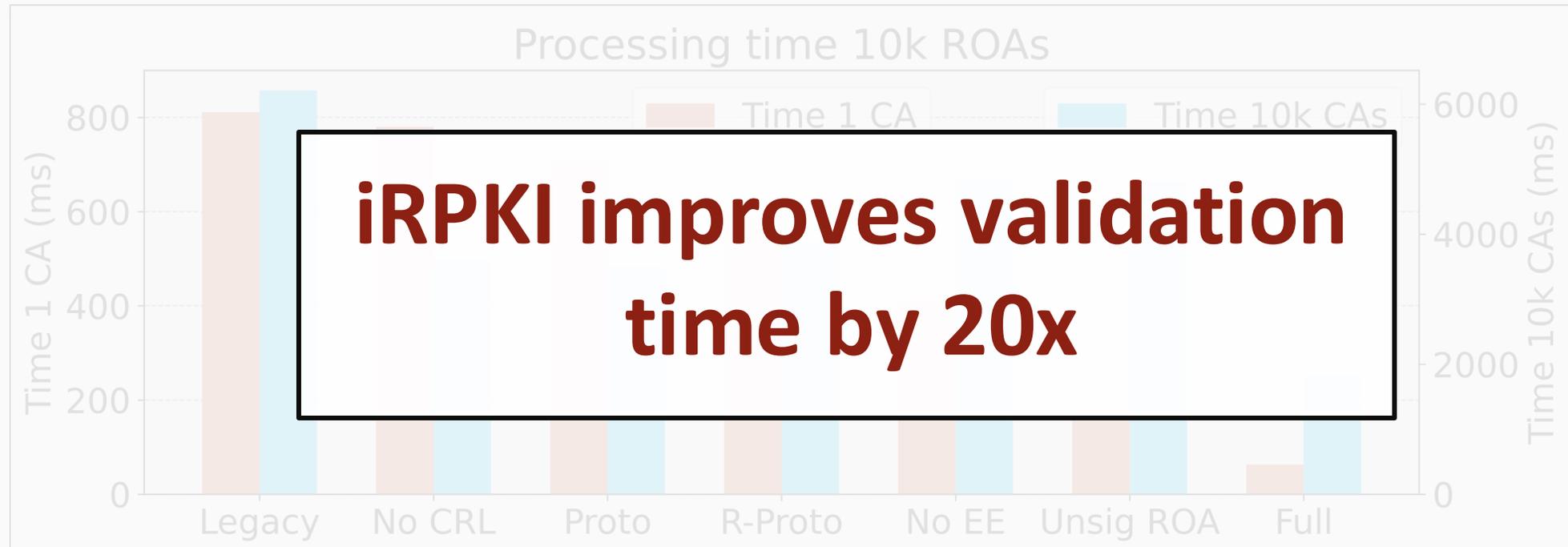


Evaluating iRPKI





Evaluating iRPKI



Conclusion

- **Current RPKI design is complex and inefficient**
- **Fundamentally redesigning RPKI yields 20x speed improvements**
- **iRPKI reduces complexity and improves security**

Scan to read the Paper!!



<https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.01465>

Thank you for your attention!

*For more information, please see our Paper <https://arxiv.org/abs/2507.01465>
For any questions, you can contact me at
n.vogel@em.uni-frankfurt.de*

תודה רבה!

谢谢

Dank je
wel!

ありがとうございました

Grazie mille!

çok
teşekkürler

Merci
beaucoup!

Vielen
Dank!

اشكر

Thank you
very much!

Muchas gracias

Dziękuję!

zor spas

